# CITY OF TORRINGTON, CONNECTICUT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021



WEALTH ADVISORY | OUTSOURCING AUDIT, TAX, AND CONSULTING



## CITY OF TORRINGTON, CONNECTICUT TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2021

	Independent Auditors' Report Management's Discussion and Analysis	1-3 4-14
Exhibit	<u>-</u>	
	Basic Financial Statements:	
_	Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
 	Statement of Net Position	15
II	Statement of Activities	16
	Fund Financial Statements:	
	Governmental Funds:	
III	Balance Sheet	17-18
IV	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	19-20
	Proprietary Funds:	
V	Statement of Net Position	21
VI	Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position	22
VII	Statement of Cash Flows	23
	Fiduciary Funds	
VIII	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	24
IX	Statement of Changes in Net Position	25
	Notes to the Financial Statements	26-67
	Required Supplementary Information:	
RSI-1	Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources - Budget and Actual	
	(Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)	68-70
RSI-2	Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses - Budget and Actual	
	(Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)	71-72
RSI-3A	Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Municipal	
	Employees - Last Eight Fiscal Years	73
RSI-3B	Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Police	
	and Fire Employees - Last Eight Fiscal Years	74
RSI-4	Schedule of Employer Contributions - Pension Plans - Last Ten Fiscal Years	75
RSI-5	Schedule of Investment Returns Pension Plan - Last Eight Fiscal Years	76
RSI-6	Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability -	
	Teachers Retirement Plan - Last Seven Fiscal Years	77
RSI-7	Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability -	
<b>5</b> 01.5	Teachers Retirement Plan - Last Four Fiscal Years	78
RSI-8	Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - OPEB	<b>-</b>
DOL 0	Plan - Last Five Fiscal Years	79
RSI-9	Schedule of Employer Contributions - OPEB Plan - Last Ten Fiscal Years	80
RSI-10	Schedule of Investment Returns OPEB Plan - Last Five Fiscal Years	81

	Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:	
	General Fund:	
Α	Report of Tax Collector	82
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
B-1	Combining Balance Sheet	83-86
B-2	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	87-90
	Internal Service Funds:	
C-1	Combining Statement of Net Position	91
C-2	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position	92
C-3	Combining Statement of Cash Flows	93
	Other Schedule:	
D	Statement of Debt Limitation	94



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of the City Council City of Torrington, Connecticut

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Torrington, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Torrington, Connecticut's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Torrington, Connecticut, as of June 30, 2021 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison information and the pension and OPEB schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Torrington, Connecticut's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 24, 2022 on our consideration of the City of Torrington, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Torrington, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Torrington, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

West Hartford, Connecticut March 24, 2022



#### CITY OF TORRINGTON, CONNECTICUT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2021

This discussion and analysis of the City of Torrington, Connecticut's (the City) financial performance is provided by management to provide an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Please read this MD&A in conjunction with the transmittal letter and the City's financial statements, Exhibits I to IX. All amounts are expressed in thousands unless otherwise noted.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- On a government-wide basis, the City's total net position increased by \$4,375 during fiscal year 2020/2021. The net position of governmental activities increased by \$3,934 while the net position of business type activities (WPCA) increased by \$441.
- Capital assets (net of depreciation) increased \$14,046 for governmental activities and increased \$7,358 for business type activities. The largest increases were due to various infrastructure projects.
- The City's combined net position totaled (\$33,823). Governmental activities unrestricted net position of (\$146,197) resulted primarily from a \$95,801 net investment in capital assets along with \$229,697 long term liabilities including OPEB and Pension obligations. Business type activities had unrestricted net position of \$5,436 and net capital asset investments of \$5,654.
- The City's governmental funds had a combined fund balance of \$32,778 at year end, a decrease of \$6,068. The decrease was due to bonded projects and infrastructure upgrades.
- The unassigned balance of the General Fund for fiscal year end decreased \$3,947 to \$14,038 or 10% of general fund expenditures.
- The City of Torrington's total bonded debt decreased by \$1,725 to \$27,235. No new bonds were issued in 2020/2021.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities (Exhibits I and II, respectively) provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. Fund financial statements are presented in Exhibits III to IX. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The analysis of the City as a whole begins on Exhibits I and II. The statement of net position and the statement of activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities for the current period. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net position and changes in them. The City's net position the difference between assets and liabilities is one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The reader needs to consider other non-financial factors, however, such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's capital assets, to assess the overall health of the City.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, we divide the City into two types of activities:

- Governmental activities Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including education, public safety, public works, health and welfare, parks, recreation, and general administration. Property taxes, charges for services, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities The City charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements begin with Exhibit III and provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by Charter. However, the City Council establishes many other funds to help control and manage financial activities for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using grants and other money (like grants received from the State and Federal Governments for education). The City's funds are divided into three categories; governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

• Governmental funds (Exhibits III and IV) - Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation included with the fund financial statements.

- Proprietary funds (Exhibits V, VI and VII) When the City charges customers for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other units of the City, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities. In fact, the City's enterprise funds (a component of proprietary funds) are the same as the business-type activities reported in the government-wide statements, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds. Internal service funds (the other component of proprietary funds) are used to report activities that provide supplies and services for the City's other programs and activities such as the City's Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund.
- Fiduciary funds (Exhibits VIII and IX) The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its employees' pension plans. It is also responsible for other assets that, because of a trust arrangement, can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position. These activities are excluded from the City's other financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

**Notes to the Financial Statements** - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found starting on page 26 of this report.

**Supplementary Information** - The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds is presented immediately following the notes to the financial statements. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 82 through 94 of this report.

**Government-Wide Financial Analysis** - As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, liabilities exceeded assets by \$33,823 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. Of this, the largest portion of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets \$101,455 (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt still outstanding used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position represents resources that are restricted. The remaining unrestricted balance is (\$140,760).

**City's Net Position** - The City's combined net position increased in fiscal year 2020/2021 \$4,375 to (\$33,823). (See Table 1) Tables 1 and 2 focus on the net position of both the City's governmental and business-type activities.

TABLE 1 NET POSITION (In Thousands)

		Governmental		Business				
	-	Activities		Activit		Total		
	_	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Current and other assets Capital assets, net of accumulated	\$	68,727 \$	65,973 \$	7,898 \$	7,703 \$	76,625 \$	73,676	
depreciation		142,299	128,253	25,611	18,253	167,910	146,506	
Total assets	-	211,026	194,226	33,509	25,956	244,535	220,182	
Deferred outflows of resources	-	25,317	25,123	285	377	25,602	25,500	
Long-term debt outstanding		229,697	237,073	21,909	15,463	251,606	252,536	
Other liabilities		24,402	18,119	98	53	24,500	18,172	
Total liabilities		254,099	255,192	22,007	15,516	276,106	270,708	
Deferred inflows of resources	-	27,157	13,005	697	167	27,854	13,172	
Net Position:								
Net investment in capital assets		95,801	95,320	5,654	5,722	101,455	101,042	
Restricted		5,483	5			5,483	5	
Unrestricted	-	(146,197)	(144,173)	5,436	4,928	(140,761)	(139,245)	
Total Net Position	\$	(44,913) \$	(48,848) \$	11,090 \$	10,650 \$	(33,823) \$	(38,198)	

Total net position of the City's governmental activities increased \$3,935 to (\$44,913). There was an increase of \$2,754 in current assets and an increase of \$14,046 in capital assets in 2020/2021. Increased asset activity, a \$1,093 decrease in long term debt and other liabilities and with an offsetting increase in net deferred inflow of resources of \$14,152 resulted in a \$3,935 net increase in total net position.

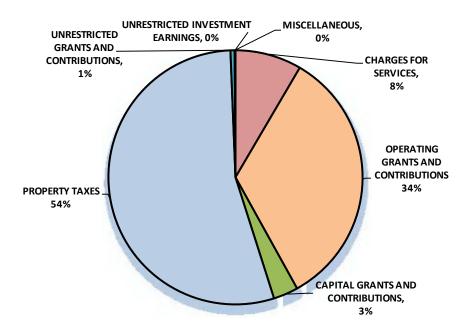
An increase in assets of \$7,553 along with a \$6,491 increase in liabilities and net deferred inflow/outflow of resources of (\$530) resulted in a \$440 increase to the net position of the Water Pollution Control Authority.

Unrestricted Net Position - the portion of net position that can be used to finance day to day operations for government activities is (\$146,197). This amount is a deficit because certain long-term liabilities are funded when they come due rather than when they are incurred (sick, vacation, OPEB). The unrestricted portion of net position for business type activities is \$5,436.

TABLE 2 CHANGE IN NET POSITION (In Thousands)

		Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities				Total		
	2	021		2020	_	2021		2020		2021	2	2020
Revenues:							_		_			
Program revenues:												
Charges for services:												
General government	\$	5,695	\$	4,590	\$		\$		\$	5,695	\$	4,590
Public safety	:	2,266		2,218						2,266		2,218
Public works		105		71						105		71
Public health and social services		481		400						481		400
Recreation		60		112						60		112
Education		568		359						568		359
Sewer						5,585		6,296		5,585		6,296
Operating grants and contributions	5	8,502		50,917		29				58,531	5	0,917
Capital grants and contributions		5,502		7,135						5,502		7,135
General revenues:												
Property taxes	9	4,828		93,355						94,828	9	3,355
Grants and contributions not restricted												
to specific purposes		936		818						936		818
Unrestricted investment earnings		99		601		1		70		100		671
Miscellaneous		81		30						81		30
Transfers		832	_	932			_		_	832		932
Total revenues	16	9,955	_	161,538	_	5,615	_	6,366	_	175,570	16	7,904
Program expenses:												
General government	1	1,362		10,457						11,362	1	0,457
Public safety	2	8,118		30,815						28,118	3	0,815
Public works	9	9,566		12,462						9,566	1	2,462
Public health and social services		4,534		4,361						4,534		4,361
Recreation		829		636						829		636
Education	11	0,634		98,496						110,634	9	8,496
Debt interest and costs		978		805						978		805
Sewer						4,342		5,204		4,342		5,204
Transfers						832		932		832		932
Total program expenses and transfers	16	6,021		158,032	_	5,174	-	6,136	-	171,195	16	4,168
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$	3,934	\$	3,506	\$_	441	\$_	230	\$_	4,375	\$ <u></u>	3,736

The City's total revenue increased \$7,666 (including transfers) to \$175,570. (See Table 2) Approximately 54% of the City's revenues came from property taxes totaling \$94,828. Additionally, \$14,760 (8%) of the revenue was generated by other fees charged for services. The balance is the result of State and Federal grants and other miscellaneous revenue sources. The cost of all services increased \$7,027 (4%) from fiscal year 2020 to fiscal year 2021.



#### **Governmental Activities:**

The City of Torrington's governmental activities net position increased \$3,934 in fiscal year 2020/2021. The increase was the net result of the following items:

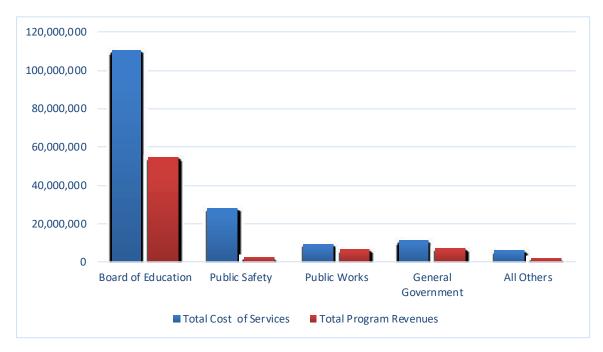
- A 1.6% increase in the 2019 Grand List that resulted in a \$1,472 increase in property tax revenues to \$94,828.
- An increase of \$7,614 in operating grants and contributions relating to education.
- There was a decrease of \$1,633 in capital grants and contributions relating primarily to public works projects.
- Total program expenses increased \$7,989. Increases in education \$12,138 and general government \$905, were offset by a \$5,593 decrease in public safety and public works.

TABLE 3
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
(In Thousands)

		<b>Total Cost of Services</b>				<b>Net Cost of Services</b>			
	-	2021		2020	-	2021		2020	
General government	\$	11,362	\$	10,458	\$	3,974	\$	5,345	
Public safety		28,118		30,816		25,741		28,466	
Public works		9,566		12,462		2,794		3,216	
Education		110,634		98,496		55,806		51,737	
All others		6,341		5,800	_	4,527		3,466	
Totals	\$	166,021	\$	158,032	\$	92,842	\$_	92,230	

The total cost of governmental services increased \$7,989 to \$166,021 in 2020/2021. The cost of services net of \$64,004 grants and contributions and charges for services of \$9,175 resulted in \$612 increase to net cost of services to \$92,842. (See Table 3)

#### **Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities**



**Business-Type Activities:** WPCA business-type activities revenue decreased \$751 to \$5,615. The decrease was the result of a \$711 decrease in sewer user fees along with a decrease of \$69 in investment earnings. Expenses and transfers decreased by \$962 to \$5,174.

Sewer user fees stayed flat for fiscal year 2020/2021. The residential rate was \$274.00/unit and the rate for all other users was \$274.00 per 65,000 gallons of volume of flow.

#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental Funds** - The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, uncommitted fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. Fiscal year 2021 ended with the City's governmental funds reporting a combined ending fund balance of \$32,778. The unassigned portion of the combined ending fund balance was \$6,748. The unassigned balance is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remaining \$26,030 fund balance is classified as either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned (see page 32 of financial statements for clarification) to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed to liquidate contracts, purchase orders or other obligations.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Torrington. At the end of fiscal year 2021, the General Fund total fund balance decreased by \$1,499 to \$17,479. The unassigned portion decreased by \$3,947 from \$17,984 to \$14,037. The unassigned fund balance represents 10% (prior year 13%) of total General Fund expenditures and total fund balance represents 12.5% (prior year 14%) of that same amount.

**Proprietary Funds** - The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. WPCA activity which is recorded in the proprietary fund portion of the financial statements has already been addressed in the business-type activities.

The activity of the Internal Service Funds (self-insured health insurance and equipment maintenance chargeback fund) is also contained in the proprietary fund financial statements. The net position of the internal service funds increased in the amount \$1,643 to \$9,908.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

On a budgetary basis, expenditures and other financing uses exceeded revenues and other financing sources by \$147. Revenues and transfers were short of budgetary estimates by \$1,136 however total expenditures and other financing uses were \$989 less than budgeted.

#### Revenues:

Property tax collections (excluding MVS) were \$59 greater than budgeted due to assessor adjustments for late submissions of income and expense reports.

Total intergovernmental revenue was \$92 more than budgeted primarily due to underfunded education grant revenue (\$126) and other federal and state grants \$219.

Public Safety revenue for police outside duty exceeded budget estimates by \$882 and related expenses exceeded estimates by \$604.

Education revenues exceeded budget estimates by \$463.

Investment income of \$95 was \$55 less than estimated.

Although budgeted, there was no use of fund balance.

#### Expenditures:

Police department wages had a residual balance of \$440 primarily due to vacancies resulting in \$127 of overtime expenses in excess of budget.

Education surplus of \$890 – savings related to transportation and vacancies resulting from the impact COVID-19 and changes in operations.

Bond redemption expenses were less than budgeted due to Clean Water Fund Loan estimates.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

**Capital Assets** - The City's capital assets for its governmental and business type-activities as of June 30, 2021, total \$167,910 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways, and bridges. The total net increase of \$21,404 in the City's capital assets includes asset depreciation, asset acquisition and asset disposal activity for the current year. (See Table 4)

The most significant capital asset activity included:

- Depreciation
- General Government
   On-line permitting software
   Acquisition of 62 acres (former UCONN property) University Drive
- Public Safety Additions:

Crime Van Fire Apparatus Communications upgrades (mobile repeater) PD Uniforms/Protective Gear

Public Works Additions:

Paving of various Roads and Parking Lots Vehicle Replacements – Engineering Dept.

Public Health Additions:

Meals on Wheels deliver van Assisted Medical Transport Program Van

Education Additions:

Technology Upgrades TMS Roof Project Building Improvements THS Renovations

Construction in Progress:

WPCA Upgrade
Besse Pond Splash Pad
Road & Sidewalk Reconstruction
Sewer extension projects

TABLE 4
CAPITAL ASSETS AT YEAR-END (Net of Depreciation)
(In Thousands)

		Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities				Total		
	-	2021		2020	_	2021		2020		2021		2020
Land	\$	4,063	\$	4,063	\$	9	\$	\$	;	4,063	5	4,063
Land improvements		4,737		5,054		16		17		4,753		5,071
Buildings		60,861		63,218		531		553		61,392		63,771
Furniture and equipment		3,921		4,181		438		636		4,359		4,817
Infrastructure		11,297		12,207		6,257		6,811		17,554		19,018
Construction in progress	_	57,420	_	39,530	_	18,369		10,236		75,789	_	49,766
Total	\$_	142,299	\$_	128,253	\$_	25,611	\$ <u>_</u>	18,253 \$	;	<u>167,910</u> §	\$ <u>_</u>	146,506

**Debt** - At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had bonded debt outstanding of \$27,235 and Clean Water Notes outstanding of \$37,590. (See Table 5) This amount reflects an increase of \$13,273 over fiscal year 2020. The increase included new debt of \$16,267 offset by current year bond payments of \$2,995. New debt includes Clean Water Fund permanent loan obligation of \$16,267. These liabilities are backed by the full faith and credit of the City.

#### City's Outstanding Bond and Clean Water Fund Debt

#### Long-Term Debt

TABLE 5
OUTSTANDING DEBT AT YEAR-END
(In Thousands)

		Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities			Total		
	_	2021	2020	2021	2020	_	2021	2020	
General Obligation Bonds Clean Water Fund Loans	\$_	27,235 \$ 17,633	28,960 \$ 10,062	\$ 19,957	12,530	\$ _	27,235 \$ 37,590	28,960 22,592	
Total	\$_	44,868 \$	39,022 \$	19,957 \$	12,530	\$_	64,825 \$	51,552	

On November 6, 2018 voters approved a referendum authorizing \$39,000 of bonded debt.

The City was assigned a "AA-" stable outlook rating from S&P Global Ratings in April 2020.

The City's overall statutory debt limit of \$653,485 which is equal to seven times the prior year annual receipts from taxation is significantly in excess of the City's outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 of this report.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

- The unemployment rate (not seasonally adjusted) for the City of Torrington in June of 2020 was 8.6% which was higher than the state rate of 8.1% and national rate of 8.4%. (Source: CT DOL 2020)
- Population growth: Torrington 1.5%, State of CT .1%. (Source: CERC Town Profile 2021)

These factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for the 2021/2022 fiscal year.

The total budget for fiscal year 2021/2022 is \$135,649, an increase of \$2,432 or 2.0% over the prior year.

Mill rate excluding motor vehicles was unchanged at 46.17. Motor vehicle mill rate remained at 45.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City Comptroller, 140 Main Street, Torrington, CT 06790.



	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 51,309,161	\$ 7,478,550 \$	58,787,711
Investments	7,020,105		7,020,105
Receivables, net	9,900,584	419,609	10,320,193
Inventory	11,868		11,868
Prepaid expenses	485,000		485,000
Capital assets not being depreciated	61,482,702	18,369,429	79,852,131
Capital assets being depreciated, net	80,816,337	7,241,566	88,057,903
Total assets	211,025,757	33,509,154	244,534,911
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Deferred charge on refunding	233,268		233,268
Deferred outflows related to Pensions	3,359,381	107,029	3,466,410
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	21,724,154	177,859	21,902,013
Total deferred outflows of resources	25,316,803	284,888	25,601,691
Lightition			
Liabilities:	12 567 020	07 522	12 665 442
Accounts and other payables	13,567,920	97,522	13,665,442 3,283,215
Loans Payable Unearned revenue	3,283,215		7,550,709
Noncurrent liabilities:	7,550,709		7,550,709
Due within one year	4,509,059	991,160	5,500,219
Due in more than one year	225,187,859	20,917,957	246,105,816
Total liabilities	254,098,762	22,006,639	276,105,401
Total Habilities	204,000,102	22,000,000	270,100,401
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Deferred inflow of resources related to pension	12,444,476	576,337	13,020,813
Deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB	14,712,607	120,454	14,833,061
Total deferred inflows of resources	27,157,083	696,791	27,853,874
Net Position:			
Net investment in capital assets	95,801,395	5,654,004	101,455,399
Restricted for:	00,001,000	3,33 .,33 .	, ,
Grants	5,477,532		5,477,532
Trust purposes:	-,,		-, ,
Nonexpendable	3,500		3,500
Expendable	1,383		1,383
Unrestricted	(146,197,095)	5,436,608	(140,760,487)
Total Net Position	\$ (44,913,285)	\$ 11,090,612 \$	(33,822,673)

			Program Revenu	es	N	et (Expense) Revenue a Changes in Net Assets	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Governmental activities: General government Public safety Public works Public health and social services Recreation Board of Education	\$ 11,361,981 28,117,885 9,565,628 4,534,123 829,060 110,633,649	\$ 5,695,069 2,265,555 104,942 480,636 60,459 567,742	\$ 1,341,506 56,315 1,571,250 1,272,900 54,260,132	\$ 351,653 54,820 5,095,643	\$ (3,973,753) (25,741,195) (2,793,793) (2,780,587) (768,601) (55,805,775)	\$	(3,973,753) (25,741,195) (2,793,793) (2,780,587) (768,601) (55,805,775)
Debt interest and costs  Total governmental activities	977,578 166,019,904	9,174,403	58,502,103	5,502,116	(977,578) (92,841,282)		(977,578) (92,841,282)
Business-type activities: Sewer	4,342,492	5,585,437	29,156			1,272,101	1,272,101
Total	\$ 170,362,396	\$ 14,759,840	\$ 58,531,259	\$ 5,502,116	(92,841,282)	1,272,101	(91,569,181)
		ntributions not restrivestment earnings	cted to specific prog	rams	94,827,795 935,705 98,841 80,824 832,358 96,775,523	1,188 (832,358) (831,170)	94,827,795 935,705 100,029 80,824 - 95,944,353
	Change in ne	et position			3,934,241	440,931	4,375,172
	Net Position at B	eginning of Year, as	s restated		(48,847,526)	10,649,681	(38,197,845)
	Net Position at E	nd of Year			\$ (44,913,285)	\$11,090,612	(33,822,673)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

CITY OF TORRINGTON, CONNECTICUT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2021

	_	General	Bonded Projects	WPCA Infrastructure Projects	American Rescue Plan Act	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables, net	\$	15,408,670 \$ 7,020,105 3,791,926	5,630,519 \$	\$ 612,076	5,037,671	\$ 14,226,110 \$ 5,485,181	40,302,970 7,020,105 9,889,183
Due from other funds Inventory	_		724,361			812,000 11,868	1,536,361 11,868
Total Assets	\$	26,220,701 \$	6,354,880 \$	612,076 \$	5,037,671	\$ 20,535,159	58,760,487
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RE	SOURCES AND F	UND BALANCES					
Liabilities: Accounts and claims payable	\$	7,738,355 \$	603,299 \$	2,201,067 \$		\$ 1,091,828 \$	11,634,549
Performance bonds	Ψ	191,202	σσσ,2σσ φ	2,201,007 ψ		1,001,020 4	191,202
Unearned revenue		,	244,729		5,037,671	2,268,309	7,550,709
Due to other funds		812,000		724,361			1,536,361
Loans Payable				3,283,215		<u> </u>	3,283,215
Total liabilities		8,741,557	848,028	6,208,643	5,037,671	3,360,137	24,196,036
Deferred inflows of resources:							
Unavailable revenue - grants				266,765		1,519,567	1,786,332
Fund balances:						45.200	45.200
Nonspendable Restricted						15,368 5,478,915	15,368 5,478,915
Committed			5,506,852			11,587,452	17,094,304
Assigned		3,441,256	3,300,032			11,007,402	3,441,256
Unassigned		14,037,888		(5,863,332)		(1,426,280)	6,748,276
Total fund balances	_	17,479,144	5,506,852	(5,863,332)	-	15,655,455	32,778,119
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of							
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	26,220,701 \$	6,354,880 \$	612,076 \$	5,037,671	\$ 20,535,159 \$	58,760,487

(Continued on next page)

#### CITY OF TORRINGTON, CONNECTICUT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit I) are

different because of the following:

Fund balances - total governmental funds \$ 32,778,119

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Governmental capital assets \$ 283,248,156

Less accumulated depreciation (140,949,117)

Net capital assets 142,299,039

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not recorded in the funds:

Grant receivables - accrual basis change	1,786,332
Deferred outflows related to pensions	3,359,381
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	21,724,154

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of risk management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net position.

9,908,521

(44,913,285)

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit I)

Bonds payable	(27,235,000)
Clean water fund loans payable	(17,632,807)
Interest payable on bonds	(148,098)
Bond premiums	(1,843,962)
Deferred inflows related to pensions	(12,444,476)
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	(14,712,607)
Deferred charge on refunding	233,268
Early retirement settlements	(2,301,330)
Net pension liability	(34,849,579)
Net OPEB obligation	(140,876,432)
Heart and Hypertension	(1,138,960)
Landfill closure and postclosure	(116,000)
Compensated absences	(3,702,848)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

#### CITY OF TORRINGTON, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		General		onded ojects	· -	WPCA Infrastructure Projects		American Rescue Plan Act		Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues:												
Property taxes	\$	94,827,795	\$		\$		\$		\$	\$		94,827,795
Intergovernmental	·	36,279,807		137,113	·	3,603,049				12,945,205		52,965,174
Charges for services		7,443,256		,		, ,				1,731,147		9,174,403
Investment income		95,369		1,519						1,130		98,018
Other revenues		50,572								34,508		85,080
Total revenues		138,696,799		138,632	-	3,603,049		-	_ =	14,711,990		157,150,470
Expenditures:												
Current:												
General government		6,283,074								1,965,312		8,248,386
Public safety		18,092,642								291,494		18,384,136
Public works		7,338,348								370,857		7,709,205
Public health and social services		2,948,686								1,686,071		4,634,757
Pension and miscellaneous Recreation		16,761,656								346,796		16,761,656 676,240
Education		329,444								9,548,182		,
Capital outlay		85,208,339		5,877,011		17,459,863				9,546,182 4,201,627		94,756,521 27,538,501
Debt service		3,609,186	,	5,677,011		17,459,005				4,201,027		3,609,186
Total expenditures		140,571,375		5,877,011	-	17,459,863		-		18,410,339		182,318,588
i otal experiultures		140,571,575	-	3,011,011	-	17,459,665				16,410,339		102,310,300
Excess (Deficiency) of												
Revenues over Expenditures		(1,874,576)	(	5,738,379)	-	(13,856,814)		-		(3,698,349)		(25,168,118)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):												
Issuance of bonds						16,266,978		-				16,266,978
Transfers in		2,665,486				390,000				2,866,133		5,921,619
Transfers out		(2,290,026)		(158,749)						(640,486)		(3,089,261)
Total other financing sources		375,460		(158,749)	-	16,656,978	_	-		2,225,647		19,099,336
Net Change in Fund Balances		(1,499,116)	(	5,897,128)		2,800,164		-		(1,472,702)		(6,068,782)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year, as restated		18,978,260	1	1,403,980	· -	(8,663,496)				17,128,157		38,846,901
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	17,479,144	\$\$	5,506,852	\$	(5,863,332)	\$		\$_	15,655,455 \$		32,778,119

(Continued on next page)

3,934,241

#### CITY OF TORRINGTON, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities: Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit II) are different because: Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit IV) (6.068,782)Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense: Capital outlay 27.522.800 Depreciation expense (5,337,018)In the statement of activities, only the gain on the sale of capital assets is reported. However, in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources: Change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold (6,679)Change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the amount transferred to business-type activities (8,133,489)Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, and revenues recognized in the funds are not reported in the statement of activities: Grants receivable - accrual basis change 889,221 Change in deferred outflows related to OPEB 957,495 Change in deferred outflows related to pensions (731,560)The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are amortized and deferred in the statement of activities. The details of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are as follows: Proceeds from notes (16,266,978)Bond principal payments 1,725,000 Capital lease payments 64,954 Notes payments 562,432 Note payable transferred to business-type activities 8,133,489 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental I didn't as Deferred amounts in refunding (32,111)Compensated absences 76,111 Bond premium amortizations 304,015 Net OPEB obligation (1,706,791)Net pension liability 13,509,263 Deferred inflows related to pensions (10,529,715)Deferred inflows related to OPEB (3,622,598)Landfill closure and postclosure 40.000 Early retirement settlements 776,543 Heart and hypertension 158,200 Accrued interest 7,318 Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal services funds is reported with governmental activities. 1,643,121

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit II)

#### CITY OF TORRINGTON, CONNECTICUT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

	Business-Type Activities WPCA Enterprise Fund	•	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net Prepaid expenses Capital assets, nondepreciable Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Total assets	\$ 7,478,550 419,609 18,369,429 7,241,566 33,509,154	\$	11,006,191 11,401 485,000 11,502,592
Deferred Outflows of Resources:  Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	107,029 177,859 284,888		
Liabilities: Current liabilities: Accounts and other payables Notes payable Compensated absences Total current liabilities	97,522 916,840 74,320 1,088,682		1,594,071 1,594,071
Noncurrent liabilities: Bonds and notes payable Compensated absences Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Total noncurrent liabilities	19,040,151 168,841 555,591 1,153,374 20,917,957		
Total liabilities  Deferred Inflows of Resources:  Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB Total deferred inflows of resources	22,006,639 576,337 120,454 696,791		1,594,071
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	5,654,004 5,436,608	-	9,908,521
Total Net Position	\$ 11,090,612	\$	9,908,521

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

# CITY OF TORRINGTON, CONNECTICUT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Business-Type Activities WPCA Enterprise Fund	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds	
Operating Revenues: Charges for services Other Total operating revenues	\$ 4,769,265 816,172 5,585,437	\$ 25,708,232 808,545 26,516,777	
Operating Expenses: Payroll and employee benefits Repairs and maintenance Materials and supplies Utilities Other operating expense Insurance and program services Depreciation Total operating expenses	1,465,605 63,819 181,475 496,161 675,418 102,355 963,245 3,948,078	1,037,725 166,769 48,835 316,034 137,627 21,167,489	
Operating Income	1,637,359	3,642,298	
Nonoperating Revenue (Expense): Intergovernmental revenue Income on investments Interest expense Income Before Transfers	29,156 1,188 (394,414) 1,273,289	3,643,121	
Transfers: Transfers In Transfers Out Total Transfers	428,159 (1,260,517) (832,358)	(2,000,000) (2,000,000)	
Change in Net Position	440,931	1,643,121	
Net Position at Beginning of Year	10,649,681	8,265,400	
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 11,090,612	\$9,908,521	

		Business-Type Activities WPCA Enterprise Fund		Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from customers Cash payments to employees for services Cash payments to supplies for goods and services	\$	4,379,090 (1,926,083) (1,373,085)	\$	26,515,518
Cash received from other sources Cash payments for insurance claims and premiums Grant proceeds		29,156	-	(22,880,095)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		1,925,250	•	3,635,423
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: Transfers in Transfers out Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		428,159 (1,260,517) (832,358)	•	(2,000,000) (2,000,000)
Cash Flows from Capital Financing Activities: Acquisitions of capital assets Principal payments Interest paid Net cash provided by (used in) capital financing activities		(188,085) (706,843) (394,414) (1,289,342)		<u>-</u> _
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest received on investments		1,188		823
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(195,262)		1,636,246
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		7,673,812		9,369,945
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	7,478,550	\$	11,006,191
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:  Operating income (loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$	1,637,359	\$	3,642,298
Depreciation Grant proceeds		963,245 29,156		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to Pensions		(390,175) 48,579		8,864 (6,499)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to OPEB Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in from other funds Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		43,586 43,788		(9,240) (54,891) 54,891
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences Increase (decrease) in net pension liabilities Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liabilities Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows related to Pensions Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows related to OPEB		29,762 (679,617) (330,662) 528,033 2,196		
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	1,925,250	\$	3,635,423
Noncash activity: Asset transfer from Government Activities Debt transfer from Government Activities	\$	8,133,489 (8,133,489)		
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the fi	nanci	al statements		

#### CITY OF TORRINGTON, CONNECTICUT FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

		Pension and OPEB Trust Funds
Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents Investments:	\$	499,494
U.S. Government securities		142
Mutual funds - fixed income		127,639,494
Receivables:		
Other		6
Total Assets		128,139,136
Liabilities:		
Accounts and other payables		16,800
Net Position:		
Held in Trust for Pension Benefits		126,992,120
Held in Trust for OPEB Benefits	_	1,130,216
Total Net Position	\$	128,122,336

#### CITY OF TORRINGTON, CONNECTICUT FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Additions:       Contributions:         Employer       \$ 10,736,986         Employee       1,026,834         Total contributions       11,763,820         Investment income:       218,093         Interest and dividends       218,093         Net appreciation in fair value of investments       24,994,328         Net investment income       25,212,421         Total additions       36,976,241         Deductions:       Benefits payments and withdrawals       14,433,032         Administration       110,352         Student activities       14,543,384         Change in Net Position       22,432,857         Net Position at Beginning of Year       105,689,479		_	Pension and OPEB Trust Funds
Employer       \$ 10,736,986         Employee       1,026,834         Total contributions       11,763,820         Investment income:       218,093         Interest and dividends       218,093         Net appreciation in fair value of investments       24,994,328         Net investment income       25,212,421         Total additions       36,976,241         Deductions:       Benefits payments and withdrawals       14,433,032         Administration       110,352         Student activities       14,543,384         Change in Net Position       22,432,857	Additions:		
Employee       1,026,834         Total contributions       11,763,820         Investment income:       218,093         Interest and dividends       218,093         Net appreciation in fair value of investments       24,994,328         Net investment income       25,212,421         Total additions       36,976,241         Deductions:       Benefits payments and withdrawals       14,433,032         Administration       110,352         Student activities       14,543,384         Change in Net Position       22,432,857		_	
Total contributions         11,763,820           Investment income:         218,093           Interest and dividends         218,093           Net appreciation in fair value of investments         24,994,328           Net investment income         25,212,421           Total additions         36,976,241           Deductions:         Benefits payments and withdrawals         14,433,032           Administration         110,352           Student activities         14,543,384           Change in Net Position         22,432,857	····	\$	
Investment income:       218,093         Interest and dividends       24,994,328         Net appreciation in fair value of investments       24,994,328         Net investment income       25,212,421         Total additions       36,976,241         Deductions:       8enefits payments and withdrawals       14,433,032         Administration       110,352         Student activities       14,543,384         Change in Net Position       22,432,857	' '	_	
Interest and dividends       218,093         Net appreciation in fair value of investments       24,994,328         Net investment income       25,212,421         Total additions       36,976,241         Deductions:       8enefits payments and withdrawals       14,433,032         Administration       110,352         Student activities       14,543,384         Change in Net Position       22,432,857	Total Contributions	-	11,703,020
Net appreciation in fair value of investments       24,994,328         Net investment income       25,212,421         Total additions       36,976,241         Deductions:       8enefits payments and withdrawals       14,433,032         Administration       110,352         Student activities       14,543,384         Change in Net Position       22,432,857	Investment income:		
Net investment income         25,212,421           Total additions         36,976,241           Deductions:         25,212,421           Benefits payments and withdrawals         14,433,032           Administration         110,352           Student activities         14,543,384           Change in Net Position         22,432,857	Interest and dividends		218,093
Total additions  Deductions: Benefits payments and withdrawals Administration Student activities  Total deductions  14,433,032 110,352 110,352  Total deductions  14,543,384  Change in Net Position  22,432,857	··	_	
Deductions: Benefits payments and withdrawals Administration Student activities  Total deductions  14,433,032 110,352  14,543,384  Change in Net Position  22,432,857	Net investment income	_	25,212,421
Benefits payments and withdrawals Administration Student activities  Total deductions  14,433,032 110,352  14,543,384  Change in Net Position  22,432,857	Total additions	_	36,976,241
Benefits payments and withdrawals Administration Student activities  Total deductions  14,433,032 110,352  14,543,384  Change in Net Position  22,432,857	Deductions:		
Administration Student activities  Total deductions  110,352  14,543,384  Change in Net Position  22,432,857			14.433.032
Total deductions 14,543,384  Change in Net Position 22,432,857			
Change in Net Position 22,432,857	Student activities	_	
	Total deductions	_	14,543,384
Net Position at Beginning of Year	Change in Net Position		22,432,857
	Net Position at Beginning of Year		105,689,479
Net Position at End of Year \$ 128,122,336		\$	



#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Torrington, Connecticut (the City) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant policies of the City are described below.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The City was incorporated as a City in 1740 and chartered as a City in 1923. The City covers an area of 40 square miles and is located in Litchfield County. The City is governed under the provision of its charter and the Connecticut General Statutes. The City operates under a Mayor and a City Council that consists of six members.

The City provides a full range of services including public safety, roads, sanitation, health, social services, culture and recreation, education and general administrative services to its residents. The accompanying financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America require that the reporting entity include the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. A government is financially accountable for a legally separate organization if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the government. These criteria have been considered and have resulted in the inclusion of the fiduciary component units as detailed below.

#### **Fiduciary Component Units**

The City has established two single-employer defined benefit pension plans and a postretirement health care benefits (OPEB) plans to provide retirement benefits and post-retirement health care benefits primary to employees and their beneficiaries. The City performs the duties of a governing board for the Pension and OPEB plans and is required to make contributions to the pension and OPEB plans and can impose its will.

The financial statements of the fiduciary component units are reported as Pension and OPEB Trust fund in the fiduciary fund financial statements. Separate financial statements have not been prepared for the fiduciary component units.

#### B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

### CITY OF TORRINGTON, CONNECTICUT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, fiduciary funds, including fiduciary component units, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 120 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, charges for services, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received.

The City reports the following major governmental fund:

The *General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Bonded Projects Fund* is used to account for capital projects that are funded by government obligation bonds.

The WPCA Infrastructure Projects is used to account for major projects for the City's sewer infrastructure.

The American Rescue Plan Act Fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures of the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) grant.

### CITY OF TORRINGTON, CONNECTICUT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The City reports the following major proprietary fund:

The *Water Pollution Control Authority* (WPCA) fund is used to account for activities that are funded by charging rates designed to cover the operations of the WPCA, including related capital assets.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

The *Internal Service Funds* account for employee health insurance as well as maintenance provided to departments of the City and Board of Education.

The *Pension and OPEB Trust Funds* account for the fiduciary activities of the City's defined benefit pension and OPEB plans, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees upon retirement.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes and other charges between certain City functions because the elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include property taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds, and of the City's internal service funds, are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Unrestricted resources are used in the following order: committed, assigned then unassigned.

#### D. Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements and certain other investments as described in Note 3.

Investments for the City are reported at fair value.

#### E. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." All trade receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

Property taxes become an enforceable lien and are assessed on property as of October 1; however, the legal right to attach property does not exist until July 1. Property assessments are made at 70% of the market value. Real estate and personal property taxes are due in two installments on July 1 and the following January 1. Motor vehicle taxes are billed and due July 1 and motor vehicle supplement taxes are billed and due January 1. Certificates of continuing lien are filed against the real estate represented by delinquent real estate taxes within the year in which the tax is due. Taxes not paid within 30 days of the due date are subject to an interest charge of one and one-half percent per month.

#### F. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Land improvements	20
Building and building improvements	25-50
Infrastructure	10-65
Machinery and equipment	5-20
Licensed vehicles	8

Property, plant and equipment owned by the City's proprietary funds (WPCA) are recorded at acquisition cost, or if contributed property, at fair market value at the time of contribution.

Depreciation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method, over the estimated useful lives ranging from 5 to 50 years.

## H. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City reports a deferred charge on refunding and deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. A deferred outflow of resources related to pension and OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions and other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension and OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension and OPEB plan (active employees and inactive employees) or in the case of the difference in projected and actual earnings on pension and OPEB plan investments, in a systematic and rational method over a closed five-year period.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City reports deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred inflow of resources related to pension and OPEB results from changes in the City's proportionate share in liability. These amounts are deferred and included in pension and OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees). For governmental funds, the City reports unavailable revenue, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from grants receivable. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) in the period in which the amounts become available

## I. Compensated Absences

Employees are paid by a prescribed formula for absences due to vacation or sickness. The obligation for vacation pay vests when earned. Unused sick leave may be accumulated for future absences in accordance with employee contacts and employment policies but does not vest until the employee reaches retirement age. Sick leave and vacation leave expenditures are recognized in the governmental funds in the current year to the extent they are paid during the year or expected to be paid with available resources. The liability for the remainder of the vacation and sick leave including an estimate of the nonvested portion, expected to be paid in the future from governmental funds, is accounted for within the liabilities section of the government-wide financial statements. The vesting method using historical data used to calculate the liability.

Vested sick leave and accumulated vacation leave of the City's proprietary fund is recorded as an expense and liability within the fund, as the benefits accrue to employees.

# J. Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability is measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefits that is attributed to past periods of employee service (total pension liability), net of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The pension plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the pension plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net pension liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

## K. Net Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) Liability

The net OPEB liability is measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service (total OPEB liability), less the amount of the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the OPEB plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

# L. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of any significant applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

## M. Fund Equity

Equity in the government-wide financial statements is defined as "net position" and is classified in the following categories:

## **Net Investment in Capital Assets**

This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

### Restricted

Net position is restricted because it is externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The City currently has no assets under restriction.

### Unrestricted

This component consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The equity of the fund financial statements is defined as "fund balance" and is classified in the following categories:

## Nonspendable Fund Balance

This represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (e.g., inventories and prepaid amounts).

#### Restricted Fund Balance

This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, such as grantors, creditors, contributors or laws and regulations of their governments.

## **Committed Fund Balance**

This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority (City Council).

## **Assigned Fund Balance**

This balance represents amounts constrained for the intent to be used for a specific purpose by a governing board or a body or official that has been delegated authority to assign amounts by the City Charter.

## **Unassigned Fund Balance**

This represents fund balance in the General Fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance. If another governmental fund has a fund balance deficit, it is reported as a negative amount in unassigned fund balance.

# N. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

## A. Budgetary Information

General budget policies are as follows:

The City adheres to the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data included in the general fund financial statements. On or before February 15 of each year, every department, board or commission of the City shall furnish to the City Council an estimate of the amount of money required for its business for the ensuing year. On or before March 20 of each year, the Board of Finance reviews the budgets submitted by the City Council. The Board of Education shall submit its proposed budget to the Board of Finance on or before the 15th day of April.

The Board of Finance/City Council held public hearings on the budget in May to obtain taxpayer comments. In mid-May, a joint meeting of the City Council and Board of Finance is held to make final recommendations on the budget. Prior to June 1, the Board of Finance votes final approval of the proposed budget and adopts the budget ordinance.

Upon request by the City Council, the Board of Finance may authorize the transfer of any unencumbered appropriation from one department to another during the year. The Board of Finance may approve additional appropriations up to \$100,000. Additional appropriations of over \$100,000 must be approved by voter referendum whenever there is no offsetting revenue source to the appropriation so that it falls below this threshold. There were additional appropriations of \$640,485 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

• Budget overruns were shown in the following departments:

Department	Amount
City Clerk	\$ 121,261
Public Safety miscellaneous	589,953

- Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year.
- The Board of Education, which is not a separate legal entity but a function of the City, is authorized under State law to make any transfers required within its budget at its discretion. Any additional appropriations must have Board of Education and Board of Finance approval.

# **B.** Deficit Fund Equity and Accumulated Deficits

The WPCA Infrastructure Projects Fund, Federal and State Educational Grants Fund, Torringford School and BOE Capital Reserve had an accumulated deficit of \$5,863,332, \$845, \$1,311,315 and \$49,145, respectively at June 30, 2021. The fund balance deficits will be funded with permanent financing of ongoing projects and grant receipts from the State respectively.

The Maintenance Fund had a net position deficit of \$312,863 as of June 30, 2021, which will be funded by future General Fund contributions.

## 3. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-402). Deposits may be made in a "qualified public depository" as defined by Statute or, in amounts not exceeding the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit, in an "out of state bank" as defined by the Statutes, which is not a "qualified public depository."

The Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-400) permit municipalities to invest in: 1) obligations of the United States and its agencies, 2) highly rated obligations of any state of the United States or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof, and 3) shares or other interests in custodial arrangements or pools maintaining constant net asset values and in highly rated no-load open end money market and mutual funds (with constant or fluctuating net asset values) whose portfolios are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such obligations. Other provisions of the Statutes cover specific municipal funds with particular investment authority. The provisions of the Statutes regarding the investment of municipal pension funds do not specify permitted investments. Therefore, investment of such funds is generally controlled by the laws applicable to fiduciaries and the provisions of the applicable plan.

The Statutes (Sections 3-24f and 3-27f) also provide for investment in shares of the State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF). These investment pools are under the control of the State Treasurer, with oversight provided by the Treasurer's Cash Management Advisory Board, and are regulated under the State Statutes and subject to annual audit by the Auditors of Public Accounts. Investment yields are accounted for on an amortized-cost basis with an investment portfolio that is designed to attain a market-average rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles. Investors accrue interest daily based on actual earnings, less expenses and transfers to the designated surplus reserve, and the fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

## **Deposits**

## **Deposit Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposit will not be returned. The City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes. Deposits may be placed with any qualified public depository that has its main place of business in the State of Connecticut.

Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*, \$55,252,830 of the City's bank balance of \$56,368,558 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

\$ 49,615,974
5,636,856
\$ 55,252,830
\$ — \$

Connecticut General Statutes require that each depository maintain segregated collateral (not required to be based on a security agreement between the depository and the municipality and, therefore, not perfected in accordance with federal law) in an amount equal to a defined percentage of its public deposits based upon the depository's risk-based capital ratio.

## **Cash Equivalents**

Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and purchased within 90 days of maturity. At June 30, 2021, the City's cash equivalents amounted to \$12,058,191. The following table provides a summary of the Town's cash equivalents, excluding U.S. Government guaranteed obligations, which are currently not rated:

Wells Fargo	\$	283,638
Bank of America		11,445,073
JP Morgan		327,612
Charles Schwab	_	1,868
	_	
	\$	12,058,191
	=	

### Investments

As of June 30, 2021, the City had the following investments:

			_	Investme	ent Maturit	ies (Years)
Investment Type	Credit Fair Rating Value			Less Than 1	1-10	More Than 10
Interest-bearing investments: Certificate of deposits	\$	7,020,105	\$	7,020,105 \$		\$
U.S. Government Securities	Aaa	142			142	
Other investments: Mutual funds	N/A	127,639,494	_			
Total Investments	\$	134,659,741	=			

### **Interest Rate Risk**

The City's investment policy does not limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

## **Credit Risk - Investments**

As indicated above, State Statutes limit the investment options of cities and towns. The City investment policy states that assets shall be invested in a manner consistent with generally accepted fiduciary standards. Assets are to be diversified in order to minimize the impact of large losses in individual investments. Investments held by the City are mutual fund type investments, which are not rated.

## **Concentration of Credit Risk**

The City's investment policy does not limit an investment in any one issuer in excess of five percent of the City's total investments.

## **Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk for an investment is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (the institution that pledges collateral or repurchase agreement securities to the City or that sells investments to or buys them for the City), the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements); followed by quoted prices in inactive markets or for similar assets or with observable inputs (Level 2 measurements); and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2021:

		June 30,			Meas	Fair Value surements Us	ing	
		2021		Level 1	Level 2			Level 3
Investments by fair value level: U.S. Government securities Mutual funds	\$	142 127,639,494	\$	127,639,494	\$	142	\$	
Total investments by fair value level		127,639,636	\$	127,639,494	\$_	142	\$_	
Other investments measured at amortized Certificate of deposits	d cost:	7,020,105						
Total	\$	134,659,741	•					

## 4. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year-end for the City's individual major funds and nonmajor, internal service and fiduciary funds in the aggregate are as follows:

		General		WPCA Infrastructure Projects		WPCA		Nonmajor and Other		Total
	-				-	111 071	-	<u> </u>	-	
Receivables:										
Accounts	\$	3,361,295	\$		\$	419,609	\$	116,887	\$	3,897,791
Intergovernmental		430,631		612,076				2,498,886		3,541,593
Loans	_		_		_			2,989,815		2,989,815
Gross receivables	_	3,791,926	-	612,076	_	419,609	-	5,605,588		10,429,199
Less allowance for										
uncollectibles:	-		-		-		-	(109,000)	-	(109,000)
Net Total Receivables	\$_	3,791,926	\$	612,076	\$	419,609	\$	5,496,588	\$	10,320,199

# 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Transfers and Increases	Transfers and Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land \$	4,062,534	\$	\$	\$ 4,062,534
Construction in progress	39,530,244	26,023,413	8,133,489	57,420,168
Total capital assets not being depreciated	43,592,778	26,023,413	8,133,489	61,482,702
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land improvements	10,714,099	75,518		10,789,617
Building and system	103,075,924	151,605		103,227,529
Machinery and equipment	33,334,937	1,272,264	543,857	34,063,344
Infrastructure	73,684,964			73,684,964
Total capital assets being depreciated	220,809,924	1,499,387	543,857	221,765,454
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	5,659,306	393,260		6,052,566
Building and system	39,857,942	2,508,325		42,366,267
Machinery and equipment	29,153,738	1,525,345	537,178	30,141,905
Infrastructure	61,478,291	910,088		62,388,379
Total accumulated depreciation	136,149,277	5,337,018	537,178	140,949,117
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	84,660,647	(3,837,631)	6,679	80,816,337
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net \$	128,253,425	\$ 22,185,782	\$ 8,140,168	\$ 142,299,039
	Beginning	Transfers and	Transfers and	Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Construction in progress \$	10,235,940	\$ 8,133,489	\$	\$ 18,369,429
Capital assets being depreciated:		+	·	·,,
Land improvements	704,086			704,086
Buildings and improvements	1,110,740			1,110,740
Machinery and equipment	11,965,152	188,085		12,153,237
Infrastructure	11,189,051			11,189,051
Total capital assets being depreciated	24,969,029	188,085	-	25,157,114
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	686,840	1,705		688,545
Buildings and improvements	557,503	22,179		579,682
Machinery and equipment	11,329,448	385,975		11,715,423
Infrastructure	4,378,512	553,386		4,931,898
Total accumulated depreciation	16,952,303	963,245	-	17,915,548
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	8,016,726	(775,160)		7,241,566
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net \$	18,252,666	\$ 7,358,329	\$	\$ 25,610,995

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities: General Government Public Safety Public Works Health	\$	530,129 713,680 1,710,349 120,140
Recreation Education		7,417 2,255,303
	\$	5,337,018
Business-Type Activities: Water	\$_	963,245

## **Construction Commitments**

The status of appropriation for current capital projects as of June 30, 2021 is presented below:

		<b>Project Authorization</b>	_	Expenditures	 Balance
City Hall Renovations	\$	14,982,597	\$	14,430,887	\$ 551,710
Roads, Sidewalks, Drainage		38,000,000		11,367,571	26,632,429
Animal Control Facility		1,000,000			1,000,000
Middle School Roof and Windows	S	1,400,000		598,230	801,770
Torrington High School		159,575,000		15,431,575	144,143,425

# 6. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund receivables and payables generally represent temporary balances arising from reimbursement type transactions.

Receivable Fund	 Amount		
Bonded Projects Nonmajor Governmental Funds	WPCA Infrastructure General Fund	\$ 724,361 812,000	
TOTAL		\$ 1,536,361	

## Interfund transfers:

Transfers In											
	_	WPCA Infrastructure General Projects WPCA						Nonmajor Governmental	- 	Total Transfers Out	
Transfers out:											
General Fund	\$		\$		\$	428,159	\$	1,861,867	\$	2,290,026	
Nonmajor Governmental		640,486								640,486	
WPCA		25,000		390,000				845,517		1,260,517	
Bonded Projects								158,749		158,749	
Internal Service Fund	_	2,000,000								2,000,000	
Total Transfers In	\$	2,665,486	\$	390,000	\$	428,159	\$	2,866,133	\$_	6,349,778	

The above transfers represent normal budgetary and other recurring transfers.

The Economic Development Fund advanced the General Fund \$670,000 to remediate a City property. The City will repay \$67,000 per year for 10 years to the Economic Development Fund. The balance at year end was \$268,000.

## 7. LONG-TERM DEBT

# **Changes in Long-Term Liabilities**

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

	-	Beginning Balance	_	Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:										
Bonds Payable:										
General obligation bonds	\$	28,960,000	\$		\$	1,725,000	\$	27,235,000	\$	2,380,000
Unamortized premium	_	2,147,977	_			304,015	_	1,843,962	_	
Total bonds payable	_	31,107,977		-		2,029,015		29,078,962		2,380,000
Clean water fund loans		10,061,750		16,266,978		8,695,921		17,632,807		769,508
Capital lease obligation		64,954				64,954		-		
Net pension liability		48,358,842				13,509,263		34,849,579		
Landfill postclosure costs		156,000				40,000		116,000		40,000
Net OPEB liability		139,169,641		1,706,791				140,876,432		
Retirement settlements		3,077,873				776,543		2,301,330		837,742
Heart and Hypertension		1,297,160		28,000		186,200		1,138,960		132,260
Compensated absences	_	3,778,959		23,701		99,812		3,702,848		349,549
Governmental Activity	¢.	227 072 450	ф.	10 005 470	ф	0E 404 700	Ф.	220 606 040	<b>c</b>	4 500 050
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	237,073,156	\$_	18,025,470	\$	25,401,708	\$_	229,696,918	\$_	4,509,059

	•	Beginning Balance		Additions	 Reductions		Ending Balance	 Due Within One Year
Business-type activities:								
Clean water fund loans	\$	12,530,345	\$	8,133,489	\$ 706,843	\$	19,956,991	\$ 916,840
Compensated absences		213,399		29,762			243,161	74,320
Net pension liability		1,235,208			679,617		555,591	
Net OPEB liability		1,484,036			 330,662	-	1,153,374	 
Business-Type Activities								
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	15,462,988	\$_	8,163,251	\$ 1,717,122	\$	21,909,117	\$ 991,160

# **Bonds Payable**

A summary of general obligation bonds and notes outstanding for governmental and proprietary funds at June 30, 2021 is as follows:

Description	Date of Issue	Date of Maturity	Interest Rate	Amount of Original Issue	_	Balance Outstanding June 30, 2021
Bonds payable:						
2019 General Obligation Bonds	05/07/20	2040	1.15-2.55% \$	9,700,000	\$	9,700,000
2019 General Obligation Bonds	05/14/19	2038	2.375-5.0%	7,850,000	•	7,300,000
2015 General Obligation Refunding Bonds	09/17/15	2027	3.00-4.0%	4,760,000		3,045,000
2016 General Obligation Refunding Bonds	07/07/16	2031	2.00-5.0%	12,840,000		7,190,000
Total Bonds Payable					\$	27,235,000
Notes Payable:						
Clean Water Fund Notes 546-DC	01/01/20	2040	2.00%	20,471,880	\$	19,275,457
Clean Water Fund Notes 546-DC2	01/29/21	2041	2.00%	6,688,774		6,574,948
Clean Water Fund Notes 546-DC1	01/29/21	2041	2.00%	9,578,204		9,415,208
Clean Water Fund Note 695-DC	02/17/17	2037	2.00%	2,076,689		1,754,017
Clean Water Fund Notes 611-C	03/01/11	2030	2.00%	1,123,491		570,168
Total Notes Payable					\$	37,589,798

All long-term liabilities are generally liquidated by the General Fund and Enterprise Fund.

The annual requirements to amortize bonds payable and clean water fund notes for governmental and proprietary funds as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

Year Ending	Genera	al Obligation	Вс	onds
June 30	 Principal	Interest		Total
2022	\$ 2,380,000 \$	614,344	\$	2,994,344
2023	2,390,000	541,069		2,931,069
2024	2,410,000	465,019		2,875,019
2025	2,430,000	387,119		2,817,119
2026	2,450,000	311,069		2,761,069
2027-2031	9,965,000	745,955		10,710,955
2032-2036	4,420,000	126,300		4,546,300
2037-2040	790,000	6,450		796,450
	<u> </u>			
Total	\$ 27,235,000 \$	3,197,325	\$	30,432,325

<b>~</b> :	14/ /		
Clean	water	Fund	Loans

	_			Clean Water Ft	iliu Lualis			
	_	Government Activities Business Type Activities				Total		
	_	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2022	\$	769,508 \$	345,628 \$	916,840 \$	390,766 \$	1,686,348 \$	736,394	
2023		785,040	330,097	935,339	372,261	1,720,379	702,358	
2024		800,886	314,251	954,218	353,382	1,755,104	667,633	
2025		817,050	298,086	973,478	334,121	1,790,528	632,207	
2026		833,542	281,593	993,127	314,475	1,826,669	596,068	
2027-2031		4,426,972	1,148,709	5,223,518	1,263,801	9,650,490	2,412,510	
2032-2036		4,892,155	683,526	5,468,417	731,739	10,360,572	1,415,265	
2037-2041	_	4,307,655	181,982	4,492,054	184,917	8,799,711	366,899	
	_							
	\$	17,632,808 \$	3,583,872 \$	19,956,991 \$	3,945,462 \$	37,589,801 \$	7,529,334	

The City's indebtedness does not exceed the legal debt limitations as required by the Connecticut General Statutes as reflected in the following schedule (in thousands):

	Debt		Net	
Category	 Limit	<u>Indeb</u>	<u>tedness</u>	 Balance
General purpose	\$ 210,049	\$	45,043	\$ 165,006
Schools	420,098		5,042	415,056
Sewer	350,081		45,583	304,498
Urban renewal	303,404			303,404
Pension deficit	280,065			280,065

The total overall statutory debt limit for the City is equal to seven times annual receipts from taxation, \$653,485,000.

The City has debt authorized and unissued bonds as of June 30, 2021 as follows (in thousands):

	Amount of Total Debt Authorized	_	Bonds and Notes Issued	<u>-</u>	Paydowns/ Grants	_	Authorized But Unissued Debt
<u>Project</u>							
Torringford Middle School Roof & Window Replacement \$	1,400	\$	700	\$		\$	700
Sewer Improvements	72,260	)	50,310		15,486		6,464
East River Basin Sewers	4,100	)	2,038		533		1,529
Animal Shelter Facility	1,000	)					1,000
Pavement Management Program	38,000	_	16,850				21,150
\$	116,760	<u> </u> \$	69,898	\$	16,019	\$	30,843

## **Clean Water Fund Loans**

On October 28, 2018, the City signed a project loan and project grant agreement with the State of Connecticut to finance the construction of a Pollution Abatement Facility. Total project costs are estimated at \$66,066,270 of which \$50,310,084 will be funded through advanced loans from the State to be permanently financed at completion of the project with an interest rate of 2%. All interim loan financing will be based on project costs incurred to date and will be recorded as loans payable within the WPCA Infrastructure Fund. As of June 30, 2021, the project was advanced \$3,283,215 and recorded as interim financing in the WPCA Infrastructure Projects Fund. On January 29, 2021, the City permanently funded a portion of the project for \$6,688,774 and \$9,578,204 to be paid in monthly installments until maturity on January 31, 2041. This will be funded 50% from the General Fund and 50% from the WPCA Enterprise Fund.

## **Landfill Post-Closure Costs**

State and federal laws and regulations require landfill closures to meet certain standards. The City landfill has been closed. Estimated remaining monitoring costs for the next 3 years at approximately \$40,000 per year are \$116,000. This amount is based on estimates, which are subject to change due to inflation, technology or applicable laws and regulations. The estimated amount is recorded as a long term liability in governmental activities.

### **Retirement Settlements**

This amount represents scheduled payouts as well as eligible payouts to Board of Education retirees who have and are expected to take advantage of the City's retirement program. The amount is based on percentages applied to salaries after an employee meets certain age and years of service requirements.

#### 8. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss including torts; public official liabilities; police liability; heart and hypertension claims; theft of, damage of, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City purchases commercial insurance for all risks of loss except medical benefits. The City established an internal service fund, health insurance fund, to account for and finance the retained risk of loss for the City's medical benefits claims.

A third party administers the medical insurance plan for which the City pays a fee. The medical insurance fund provides coverage for most City employees. The City purchases individual stop loss coverage for claims over \$250,000. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There has been no reduction in insurance coverage from that in the prior year.

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, are as follows:

		Medical Ins	urance	<b>Heart and Hypertension</b>			
	_	2021	2020	2021	2020		
Unpaid claims, July 1 Incurred claims (including IBNR) Claim payments	\$ _	1,319,431 \$ 21,161,534 (21,296,008)	1,280,284 20,796,692 (20,757,545)	1,297,160 \$ 28,000 (186,200)	1,323,701 - (26,541)		
Unpaid Claims, June 30	\$	1,184,957 \$	1,319,431	1,138,960 \$	1,297,160		

The claim reserves reported are based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues*, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends including frequency and amount of payouts and other economic and social factors.

## 9. TAX ABATEMENTS

The City currently has five individual agreements with local businesses that qualify under the implementation of GASB Statement No. 77, Tax Abatement Disclosure, for the purposes of providing services to its taxpayers. Details of the agreements are as follows:

Local Business		Keystone Place	1	1	
Eocal Business	Cook Funeral	At Newbury	Technology Park	Technology Park	Technology Park
	Services LLC	Brook LLC	Associates LLC	Associates LLC	Associates LLC
Purpose	Tax Incentive	Tax Incentive	Tax Incentive	Tax Incentive	Tax Incentive
•	Policy &	Policy &	Policy &	Policy &	Policy &
	Connecticut	Connecticut	Connecticut	Connecticut	Connecticut
	General Statutes	General Statutes	General Statutes	General Statutes	General Statutes
	Section 12-65b &	Section 12-65b &	Section 12-65b &	Section 12-65b &	Section 12-65b &
	12-65h	12-65h	12-65h	12-65h	12-65h
2021 FY - Tax being abated	53,380 x .04617	10,543,180 x	153,610 x .04617	256,090 x .04617	117,710 x .04617
	= \$	.04617 =	= \$	= \$	= \$
	2,464.56	\$ 486,778.62	7,092.17	11,823.68	5,434.67
Authority under which agreements		1			
are entered into					
	By The Economic	By The Economic			
	Development	Development			
	Department Then	Department Then			
	Approved By The	Approved By The			
	City Council	City Council	By Agreement	By Agreement	By Agreement
Eligibility criteria for tax abatement					
	Tax Incentive	Tax Incentive			
	Policy &	Policy &			
	Connecticut	Connecticut			
	General Statutes	General Statutes			
	Section 12-65b &	Section 12-65b &	D A	D., A	D A
	12-65h	12-65h	By Agreement	By Agreement	By Agreement
How recipient's tax are reduced	By Abatement	By Abatement	By Abatement	By Abatement	By Abatement
How the tax abatement is	By The Tax Incentive Policy	By The Tax Incentive Policy	By Agreement	Dy Agraemant	Dy Agraement
determined	incentive Policy	incentive Policy	By Agreement	By Agreement	By Agreement
Gross dollar amount, on an accrual					
basis, by which the government's					
tax revenues were reduced as a					
result of the abatement agreement	\$2,465	\$486,789	\$7,092	\$11,824	\$5,435
<u> </u>		ı			

## 10. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS

# **City Pension Plans**

# A. Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The City is the administrator of two single-employer, contributory, defined benefit pension plans. Plan provisions are established and amended by the plans' Boards of Trustees. The plans cover substantially all full-time employees except professional personnel at the Board of Education. The pension plans are part of the City's financial reporting entity and are accounted for in the pension trust funds as the Police and Firemen's Retirement, and the Municipal Employees' Retirement. Separate financial statements are not issued.

Management of the plans rests with the Board of Trustees. The Police and Firemen's Retirement Plan Board of Trustees consists of the mayor, city treasurer, the four members of the board of public safety, one member of the regular fire department to be chosen biennially by the members of the regular fire department and one member of the police department to be chosen biennially by the members of the regular police department. The Municipal Employees' Retirement Plan Board of Trustees is made up of ten members consisting of the mayor, city treasurer, the six members of the board of councilmen, one street department employee and one city hall employee, which are chosen biennially by the employees participating in the benefits.

## Police and Firemen's Retirement

The City is the administrator of a single-employer public employee retirement system (PERS) established and administered by the City to provide pension benefits for its employees. The PERS is considered to be part of the City's financial reporting entity and is included in the City's financial reports as a pension trust fund. The Plan provides normal retirement, death, and disability benefits through a single-employer contributory defined benefit plan. All regular employees of the Police Department and regular employees of the Fire Department hired before June 8, 2009 are participants of the Plan. The retirement benefit is calculated at 2% of the member's highest 1-year compensation during the final 5 years of employment multiplied by years of service. Effective September 8, 2000, all police members who have not yet reached the 25th anniversary of date of hire shall have years of service (including any buyback service) maximized at 27 years. In addition, effective September 8, 2005, the benefit for police members shall be based on a salary that is the average annual compensation during the 3-year period immediately preceding separation from service. Also, effective September 8, 2000, police members may buy back City service, for benefit accrual purposes only, during the year following September 8, 2000 or during the first year of employment for police hired after that date subject to the restrictions in the Plan. Normal Retirement Age is 55 with 10 years of service or following the completion of 25 years of continuous service. Participants are 100% vested in their accrued benefit after 10 years of service. Benefits and contributions are established by the City and may be amended by the City. The City has not given any post-retirement benefit increase. Effective May 5, 2008, participants are required to contribute 8% of their gross pay and the yearly credit was raised to 2.5% up to a maximum of 27 years of credited service.

The retirement age assumption for public safety employees is the earlier of (a) 25 years of service but not before age 53 (fire) and age 57 to the earlier of 25 years of service but not before 51 (police) and age 57.

Effective May 5, 2008 for police members, the percentage for the yearly credit is 2.5% as shown above; however, the service is maximized at 27 years, a 10-years of service requirement was added to the disability benefit, and they must contribute 8% of compensation for a maximum of 27 years. For the period May 5, 2008 through May 4, 2011, no more than 5 police members may retire annually under this provision.

Effective September 4, 2015, employees shall pay an employee contribution of four (4%) of pay after attaining 25 and before 27 years of service.

Commencing July 1, 2017, overtime earning of the retiree in excess of a cap calculated by multiplying a Police Lieutenant's annual base pay existing in the year of retirement by 52%.

# **Municipal Employees' Retirement**

The City is the administrator of a single-employer public employee retirement system (PERS) established and administered by the City to provide pension benefits for its employees. The PERS is included in the City's financial reports as a pension trust fund. The Plan provides normal retirement, early retirement, termination and death benefits through a single employer contributory defined benefit plan. All members of Public Works Employees' and City Hall and School Maintenance and Custodial Employees' Local #1579 and their supervisory employees hired prior to September 2, 2008 are members of the Plan. New employees are no longer eligible for this plan. The retirement benefit for all aforementioned employees other than supervisory employees is calculated at 2% of the participant's average monthly earnings during the final 3 years of employment multiplied by years of service with a minimum annual benefit of \$240 per year of service, maximum 35 years. Benefits for supervisory employees are based the highest of the last 3 years of annual gross earnings. Normal Retirement Age is age 65 or following age 60 with 25 years of service. Participants are 100% vested in their accrued benefit after 5 years of continuous service as long as their employee contributions remain in the fund upon termination. Member's contributions are returnable on termination or death while active or retired (less any benefits paid) provided in each case that no death benefits are otherwise payable. Benefits and contributions are established by the City and may be amended by the City. The City has not given any post-retirement benefit increases.

The July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation reflects changes in mortality tables and investment rate of return from 7.00% to 6.75%.

The membership of the plan consisted of the following at July 1, 2020:

	Municipal Employees	Police and Firemen
Retirees, disabled employees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	141	168
Terminated plan members entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them	11	6
Current active members	73	86
Total Members	225	260

## B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

## **Basis of Accounting**

Financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting for the three defined benefit pension plans. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and a formal commitment to provide the contributions has been made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plans.

## **Method Used to Value Investments**

Investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price. Investment income is recognized as earned.

# C. Funding Policy

## **Municipal Employees' Retirement**

Member contributions of 5% of gross weekly earnings are required. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the benefits for its employees as determined through biennial valuations.

## Police and Firemen's Retirement

Member contributions of 8% of gross weekly earnings are required. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the benefits for its employees as determined through biennial valuations.

### D. Investments

## **Investment Policy**

The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Board of Trustees by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the Trustees to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The pension plan's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans. The following was the Trustees' adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2021:

	Target	Allo	ocation	
Asset Class	Municipal Employees		Police and Firemen	_
US Large Cap Equities	36.66	%	36.66	%
US Mid/Small Cap Equities	5.84		5.84	
Developed International Equities	17.50		17.50	
Intermediate Corporate Fixed Income	30.15		30.15	
International Bonds	4.85		4.85	
Real Estate	5.00		5.00	_
Total	100.00		100.00	_

### Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 23.65% for the Municipal Employees' Plan and 23.50% for the Police and Firemen's Plan. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

# E. Net Pension Liability of the City

The components of the net pension liability of the City at June 30, 2021, were as follows:

	_	Municipal Employees	Police and Firemen
Total pension liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$	53,621,536 48,991,607	\$ 108,775,754 78,000,513
Net Pension Liability	\$	4,629,929	\$ 30,775,241
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		91.37%	71.71%

The net pension liability of the Municipal Employees Plan is split between governmental activities and business-type activities as \$4,047,338 and \$555,591, respectively.

# **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020 rolled forward to June 30, 2021, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.40%

Salary increases 2.40-6.40%, depending on age and includes inflation Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

Mortality Rates were based on Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Amount-Weighted Mortality Tables for General Employees, with separate tables for public safety, projected to the valuation date with Scale MP-2020.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020 valuation were based on a review of available experience. No experience study could be performed due to insufficient credible data.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	
US Large Cap Equities	5.25	%
US Mid/Small Cap Equities	5.75	
Developed International Equities	5.75	
Intermediate Corporate Fixed Income	1.75	
International Bonds	2.00	
Real Estate	5.75	

### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

	Increase (Decrease)					
		Total Pension Liability (a)	_	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)	
Balances as of July 1, 2020	\$	51,492,456	\$_	41,199,058 \$	10,293,398	
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		794,759			794,759	
Interest on total pension liability		3,544,230			3,544,230	
Differences between expected and actual experience		(601,938)			(601,938	
Changes in assumptions		1,702,734			1,702,734	
Employer contributions				1,253,562	(1,253,562	
Member contributions				246,467	(246,467	
Net investment income				9,648,548	(9,648,548	
Benefit payments, including refund to employee						
contributions		(3,310,705)		(3,310,705)	-	
Administrative expenses			_	(45,323)	45,323	
Net changes		2,129,080	_	7,792,549	(5,663,469	
Balances as of June 30, 2021	\$	53,621,536	\$	48,991,607 \$	4,629,929	

Dalias	and Fi		- D-4	irement	Diam
Police	and Fi	remen	s Ket	irement	Plan

	Increase (Decrease)					
	_	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)	
Balances as of July 1, 2020	\$_	103,133,386	\$_	63,832,734 \$	39,300,652	
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		1,940,534			1,940,534	
Interest on total pension liability		7,142,154			7,142,154	
Differences between expected and actual experience		(785,093)			(785,093)	
Changes in assumptions		3,431,059			3,431,059	
Employer contributions				4,291,829	(4,291,829)	
Member contributions				680,921	(680,921)	
Net investment income				15,345,780	(15,345,780)	
Benefit payments, including						
refund to employee contributions		(6,086,286)		(6,086,286)	-	
Administrative expenses				(64,465)	64,465	
Net changes	_	5,642,368	_	14,167,779	(8,525,411)	
Balances as of June 30, 2021	\$	108,775,754	\$_	78,000,513 \$	30,775,241	

# Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease 5.75%	Current Discount Rate 6.75%	1% Increase 7.75%
Municipal Employees: City's Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 10,197,254	\$ 4,629,929	\$ (128,239)
Police and Firemen: City's Net Pension Liability	\$ 43,316,848	\$ 30,775,241	\$ 20,290,247

# F. Financial Information for the Separate Plans

	_	Police and Firemen	<u> </u>	Municipal Employees		OPEB Trust Fund	_	Total
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	234,460	\$	259,251	\$	5,783	\$	499,494
Investments Receivables		77,776,285 3		48,738,770 3		1,124,581		127,639,636 6
Necelvables	_		_	3	-		_	0
Total assets		78,010,748		48,998,024		1,130,364		128,139,136
Liabilities:								
Accounts and other payables	_	10,235	_	6,417	_	148	_	16,800
Net Assets Held in Trust								
for Pension Benefits	\$_	78,000,513	\$	48,991,607	\$_	1,130,216	\$	128,122,336
		Police and		Municipal		OPEB		
	_	Firemen		Employees		Trust Fund	_	Total
Contributions:								
Employer	\$	4,291,829	\$	1,253,562	\$	5,191,595	\$	10,736,986
Employee	_	680,921	-	246,467		99,446		1,026,834
Total contributions	-	4,972,750	-	1,500,029		5,291,041	-	11,763,820
Investment income:								
Interest and dividends						218,093		218,093
Net appreciation in fair value of investments		15,345,780		9,648,548				24,994,328
Total investment income	_	15,345,780	_	9,648,548	-	218,093		25,212,421
<del>-</del>	_	00 040 500		44 440 577		5 500 404		00.070.044
Total additions	_	20,318,530	-	11,148,577		5,509,134	_	36,976,241
Deductions:								
Benefit payments and withdrawals		6,086,286		3,310,705		5,036,041		14,433,032
Administration	_	64,465	. –	45,323		564		110,352
Total deductions	_	6,150,751		3,356,028		5,036,605	_	14,543,384
Net increase		14,167,779		7,792,549		472,529		22,432,857
Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension								
Benefits at Beginning of Year	_	63,832,734	-	41,199,058		657,687	_	105,689,479
Net Assets Held in Trust For Pension			_	40			_	
Benefits at End of Year	\$ =	78,000,513	\$ _	48,991,607	\$ =	1,130,216	\$_	128,122,336

# G. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense for the municipal employee plan and police and firemen plan of \$395,194 and \$2,799,203, respectively. At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	_	Municipal Employees						
		Government Activities				e Activities		
	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and	\$	784,880	\$	277,465	\$	107,029	\$	37,836
actual earning on pension plan investments	_		_	3,949,010	_		_	538,501
Total	\$_	784,880	\$_	4,226,475	\$_	107,029	\$_	576,337

	_	Police and Firemen				
	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and	\$	2,574,501	\$	1,024,880		
actual earning on pension plan investments	_			7,193,121		
Total	\$_	2,574,501	\$	8,218,001		

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Municipal Employees	Police and Firemen	Total
2022	\$ (544,259) \$	(897,312) \$	\$ (1,441,571)
2023	(957,143)	(873,341)	(1,830,484)
2024	(1,043,586)	(1,689,103)	(2,732,689)
2025	(1,365,915)	(2,183,744)	(3,549,659)

# **Connecticut's Teachers Retirement System - Pension**

## A. Plan Description

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools are provided with pensions through the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System, a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Teachers Retirement Board. Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the Teachers Retirement Board. The Teachers Retirement Board issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov.

### **B.** Benefit Provisions

The plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Employees are eligible to retire at age 60 with 20 years of credited service in Connecticut, or 35 years of credited service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

## **Normal Retirement**

Retirement benefits for employees are calculated as 2% of the average annual salary times the years of credited service (maximum benefit is 75% of average annual salary during the 3 years of highest salary).

## **Early Retirement**

Employees are eligible after 25 years of credited service including 20 years of Connecticut service, or age 55 with 20 years of credited service including 15 years of Connecticut service with reduced benefit amounts.

### **Disability Retirement**

Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service. Five years of credited service is required for nonservice-related disability eligibility. Disability benefits are calculated as 2% of average annual salary times credited service to date of disability, but not less than 15% of average annual salary, nor more than 50% of average annual salary.

## C. Contributions

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z (which reflects Public Act 79-436 as amended), contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut are approved, amended and certified by the State Teachers Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly.

Employer (School Districts)

School District employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

The statutes require the State of Connecticut to contribute 100% of each school districts' required contributions, which are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of the benefits earned by employees during the year, with any additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the amount of "on-behalf" contributions made by the State was \$8,421,091 and is recognized in the General Fund as intergovernmental revenues and education expenditures.

## **Employees**

Effective July 1, 1992, each teacher is required to contribute 6% of salary for the pension benefit.

Effective January 1, 2018, the required contribution increased to 7% of pensionable salary.

# D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the City reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows, due to the statutory requirement that the State pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the City as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the City were as follows:

City's proportionate share of the net pension liability

State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City

Total

- 131,289,024

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as June 30, 2020. At June 30, 2020, the City has no proportionate share of the net pension liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense and revenue of \$18,806,530 in Exhibit II.

# **E.** Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increase 3.00-6.50%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.90%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table (adjusted 105% for males and 103% for females at ages 82 an above), projected generationally with MP-2019 for the period after service retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five-year period ending June 30, 2019.

## **Cost-of-Living Allowance**

For teachers who retired prior to September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made in accordance with increases in the Consumer Price Index, with a minimum of 3% and a maximum of 5% per annum.

For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System before July 1, 2007 and retire on or after September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 6% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.5%.

For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System after July 1, 2007, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 5% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 11.5%, the maximum increase is 3%, and if the return on the assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.0%.

## **Long-Term Rate of Return**

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The current capital market assumptions and the target asset allocation as provided by the State of Connecticut Treasurer's Office are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Expected Return		Target Allocation	
				_
Domestic Equity Fund	5.60	%	20.00	%
Developed Market Intl. Stock Fund	6.00		11.00	
Emerging Market Intl. Stock Fund	7.90		9.00	
Core Fixed Income Fund	2.10		16.00	
Inflation Linked Bond Fund	1.10		5.00	
Emerging Market Debt Fund	2.70		5.00	
High Yield Bond Fund	4.00		6.00	
Real Estate Fund	4.50		10.00	
Private Equity	7.30		10.00	
Alternative Investments	2.90		7.00	
Liquidity Fund	0.40		1.00	
Total			100.00	%

### F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that State contributions will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates in the future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

# G. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability is \$-0- and, therefore, the change in the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the State of Connecticut.

## H. Other Information

Additional information is included in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. A schedule of contributions is not presented as the City has no obligation to contribute to the plan.

## 11. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

## **City OPEB Plan**

# A. Plan Description

The City, in accordance with various collective bargaining agreements, is committed to providing health and other benefits to certain eligible retirees and their spouses. The City's Post-Retirement Medical Program (RMP) covers City, Board of Education, Police and Fire employees. Retired program members and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits are required to contribute specified percentages towards the cost of receiving those benefits under the City's self-insured medical benefits program. The percentage contribution of the employees and retirees for these benefits vary and are detailed with the City's various bargaining agreements. The City does not issue a separate stand-alone financial statement for this program.

At July 1, 2020, plan membership consisted of the following:

	Post- Retirement Medical Program
Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Active plan members	426 855
Total members	1281

## **B.** Funding Policy

The City's postemployment benefits are accounted for as a pay-as-you-go basis. The City has established a trust fund to irrevocably segregate assets to fund the liability associated with postemployment benefits in accordance with GASB guidelines. The contribution requirement of the plan members and the City have also negotiated with the various unions representing the employees. Retired plan members and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits are required to contribute specified amounts monthly towards the cost of health insurance premiums.

The City's funding strategy for postemployment obligations are based upon characteristics of benefits on nine distinct groups of employees established within their respective collective bargaining units and/or contracts and include the following:

- City Hall employees and Public Works Employees contribute an average 13% of the contribution for medical and dental coverage to age 65 with none at ages 65 and older. They are eligible to receive medical coverage under various CIGNA medical plans and an Anthem dental plan to age 65. At age 65, if eligible, they are enrolled in an Anthem Medicare supplemental plan. They also receive life insurance benefits of \$10,000 - \$15,000 at no cost to the retiree.
- Police and Fire employees who meet certain criteria for retirement are eligible to receive medical coverage under various CIGNA medical plans and an Anthem dental plan to age 65. At age 65, if eligible, they are enrolled in an Anthem Medicare supplemental plan. They also receive life insurance benefits of \$3,000 at no cost to the retiree. Eligibility for normal retirement or early retirement is age 55 with 10 years of service or they qualify under disability retirement.
- City supervisory employees who meet certain criteria for retirement are eligible to receive medical coverage under various medical plans, dependent on whether they are under or over age 65, dental coverage only until they reach age 65. They also receive life insurance benefits after retirement of up to \$30,000 at no cost to the employee. Eligibility for normal retirement or early retirement is age 55 with 10 years of service or they qualify under disability retirement.
- Teachers are eligible for medical and dental coverage if they retire under the State Teacher's Plan and must contribute 100% of the cost for this coverage.
- BOE Cafeteria employees are eligible for medical and dental coverage if they retire at age 60 with 10
  years of service or qualify under disability retirement and must contribute 100% of the cost for this
  coverage.
- BOE Custodians who retire age 55 with 20 years or qualify under disability retirement can receive
  dental coverage to age 65 and medical coverage for ages 65 and over and must contribute 7% of the
  contribution. They may also receive life insurance benefits of \$5,000.
- BOE Nurses and paraprofessionals who retire age 60 with 10 years of service or qualify under disability retirement can receive medical benefits with a 25% contribution rate up to age 65 with their spouse at 100%, dental coverage at 25% of the contribution only until they reach the age of 65 and life insurance benefits of \$5,000.

### C. Investments

## **Investment Policy**

OPEB Benefits Plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the OPEB Committee. It is the policy of the OPEB Committee to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes.

## Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 25.18%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

## D. Net OPEB Liability of the City

The City's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021. The components of the net OPEB liability of the City at June 30, 2021 were as follows:

Total OPEB liability \$ 143,160,022 Plan fiduciary net position \$ 1,130,216

Net OPEB Liability \$ <u>142,029,806</u>

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage

of the total OPEB liability 0.79%

The City recorded the net OPEB liability within the governmental activities and business type activities as \$140,876,432 and \$1,153,374, respectively.

## **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020 rolled forward to June 30, 2021, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.40%

Salary increases Graded by age

Investment rate of return 3.16%

Healthcare cost trend rates 6.50% for 2020, decreasing .20% per year, to

an ultimate rate of 4.40% for 2031 and later

Mortality rates were as follows:

City and Board of Education Non-Certified: Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Amount-Weighted Mortality Tables for General Employees, projected to the valuation date with Scale MP-2020.

Police and Fire: Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Amount-Weighted Mortality Tables for Safety Employees, projected to the valuation date with Scale MP-2020.

Board of Education Certified and Administrators: Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Amount-Weighted Mortality Tables for Teachers, projected to the valuation date with Scale MP-2020.

The plan has not had a formal actuarial experience study performed.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset as of June 30, 2021 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Large Cap	31.50 %	5.25 %
U.S. Mid/Small Cap	13.50	5.75
Developed International Equities	20.00	5.75
Intermediate Corporate Fixed Income	21.35	1.75
Intermediate Government Fixed Income	13.65	0.75
Total	100.00	

## E. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 2.16%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

## F. Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

		Increase (Decrease)					
		Total OPEB Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net OPEB Liability (a)-(b)	
Balances as of July 1, 2020	\$_	141,311,364	\$_	657,687	\$	140,653,677	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		7,448,109				7,448,109	
Interest on total pension liability		3,232,240				3,232,240	
Changes in benefit terms		(1,771,701)				(1,771,701)	
Differences between expected and actual experience		(9,673,577)				(9,673,577)	
Changes in assumptions		7,649,628				7,649,628	
Employer contributions				5,191,595		(5,191,595)	
Member contributions				99,446		(99,446)	
Net investment income				218,093		(218,093)	
Benefit payments, including							
refund to employee contributions		(5,036,041)		(5,036,041)		-	
Administrative expenses				(564)		564	
Net changes	_	1,848,658	_	472,529	-	1,376,129	
Balances as of June 30, 2021	\$_	143,160,022 \$	\$_	1,130,216	\$	142,029,806	

## G. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

		Current					
	_	1% Decrease 1.16%	_	Discount Rate 2.16%		1% Increase 3.16%	
City's Net OPEB Liability	\$	166,207,229	\$	142,029,806	\$	122,932,570	

## H. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare Cost Trend Rates						
	5.50% Decreasing to 3.40%		6.50% Decreasing to 4.40%			7.50% Decreasing to 5.40%		
City's Net OPEB Liability	\$	120,614,760	\$	142,029,806	\$	169,549,658		

# I. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$9,278,608. At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	_	Governmental Activities Deferred Inflows of Resources	· -	Business-Type Activities Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earning on pension plan investments	\$ 	12,560,372 1,979,280 172,955	\$	102,833 16,205 1,416
Total	\$ <u></u>	14,712,607  Deferred	\$ <b>-</b>	Deferred
	_	Outflows of Resources	-	Outflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	795,526 20,928,628	\$	6,513 171,346
Total	\$	21,724,154	\$	177,859

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

## **Year Ending June 30**

2022	\$ 486,178
2023	1,843,189
2024	3,964,302
2025	775,283

## **State Teachers Retirement Plan**

## A. Plan Description

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools plus professional employees at State Schools of higher education are eligible to participate in the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System Retiree Health Insurance Plan (TRS-RHIP), a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other post employment benefit plan administered by the Teachers' Retirement Board (TRB), if they choose to be covered.

Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the TRB. TRS-RHIP issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.ct.gov/trb">www.ct.gov/trb</a>.

## **B.** Benefit Provisions

There are two types of the health care benefits offered through the system. Subsidized Local School District Coverage provides a subsidy paid to members still receiving coverage through their former employer and the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplement Plans provide coverage for those participating in Medicare but not receiving Subsidized Local School District Coverage.

Any member who is not currently participating in Medicare Parts A & B is eligible to continue health care coverage with their former employer. A subsidy of up to \$110 per month for a retired member plus an additional \$110 per month for a spouse enrolled in a local school district plan is provided to the school district to first offset the retiree's share of the cost of coverage, and any remaining portion is used to offset the district's cost. The subsidy amount is set by statute and has not increased since July 1996. A subsidy amount of \$220 per month may be paid for a retired member, spouse or the surviving spouse of a member who has attained the normal retirement age to participate in Medicare, is not eligible for Part A of Medicare without cost and contributes at least \$220 per month towards coverage under a local school district plan.

Any member who is currently participating in Medicare Parts A & B is eligible to either continue health care coverage with their former employer, if offered, or enroll in the plan sponsored by the System. If they elect to remain in the plan with their former employer, the same subsidies as above will be paid to offset the cost of coverage.

If a member participating in Medicare Parts A & B so elects, they may enroll in one of the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplement Plans. Effective July 1, 2018, the System added a Medicare Advantage Plan option. Active members, retirees and the State pay equally toward the cost of the basic coverage (medical and prescription drug benefits) under the Medicare Advantage Plan. Retired members who choose to enroll in the Medicare Supplement Plan are responsible for the full difference in the premium cost between the two plans. Additionally, effective July 1, 2018, retired members who cancel their health care coverage or elect to not enroll in a CTRB sponsored health care coverage option must wait two years to re-enroll.

## **Survivor Health Care Coverage**

Survivors of former employees or retirees remain eligible to participate in the plan and continue to be eligible to receive either the \$110 monthly subsidy or participate in the TRB-Sponsored Medicare Supplement Plans, as long as they do not remarry.

## C. Eligibility

Any member who is currently receiving a retirement or disability benefit is eligible to participate in the plan.

### **Credited Service**

One month for each month of service as a teacher in Connecticut public schools, maximum 10 months for each school year. Ten months of credited service constitutes one year of Credited Service. Certain other types of teaching services, State employment, or wartime military service may be purchased prior to retirement if the member pays one-half the cost.

## **Normal Retirement**

Age 60 with 20 years of Credited Service in Connecticut, or 35 years of Credited Service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

## **Early Retirement**

Age 55 with 20 years of Credited Service including 15 years of Connecticut service, or 25 years of Credited Service including 20 years of Connecticut service.

## **Proratable Retirement**

Age 60 with 10 years of Credited Service.

## **Disability Retirement**

No service requirement if incurred in the performance of duty, and 5 years of Credited Service in Connecticut if not incurred in the performance of duty.

# **Termination of Employment**

Ten or more years of Credited Service.

### Contributions

## State of Connecticut

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z, contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut are approved, amended and certified by the State Teachers' Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly. The State contributions are not currently actuarially funded. The State appropriates from the General Fund one third of the annual costs of the Plan. Administrative costs of the Plan are financed by the State. Based upon Chapter 167a, Subsection D of Section 10-183t of the Connecticut statutes, it is assumed the State will pay for any long-term shortfall arising from insufficient active member contributions.

## Employer (School Districts)

School District employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the amount of "on-behalf" contributions made by the State was \$203,230 and is recognized in the General Fund as intergovernmental revenues and education expenditures.

## Employees/Retirees

The cost of providing plan benefits is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis as follows: active teachers pay for one-third of the Plan costs through a contribution of 1.25% of their pensionable salaries, and retired teachers pay for one-third of the Plan costs through monthly premiums, which helps reduce the cost of health insurance for eligible retired members and dependents.

# E. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2021, the City reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows, due to the statutory requirement that the State pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the City as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the City was as follows:

City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability \$

State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability

associated with the City 19,581,763

Total \$ 19,581,763

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as June 30, 2020. At June 30, 2021, the City has no proportionate share of the net OPEB liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized OPEB expense and revenue of \$904,529 in Exhibit II.

## F. Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%

Health care costs trend rate 5.125% for 2020, decreasing to an ultimate

Pre-Medicare Rate of 4.50% by 2023

Medicare

Salary increases 3.00-6.50%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 2.21%, net of OPEB plan investment

expense, including inflation

Year fund net position will

be depleted 2021

Mortality rates were based on the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table (adjusted 105% for males and 103% for females at ages 82 and above), projected generationally with MP-2019 for the period after service retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 - June 30, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the GASB 75 valuation process. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including the plan's current asset allocations and a log-normal distribution analysis using the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class. The long-term expected rate of return was determined by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The assumption is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years. The plan is 100% invested in U.S. Treasuries (Cash Equivalents) for which the expected 10-Year Geometric Real Rate of Return is (0.42%).

## G. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 2.21%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00%; employee contributions will be made at the current member contribution rate and that contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members. Annual State contributions were assumed to be equal to the most recent five-year average of State contributions to the fund. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be depleted in 2021 and, as a result, the Municipal Bond Index Rate was used in the determination.

# H. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate and the Discount Rate

The City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is \$-0- and, therefore, the change in the health care cost trend rate or the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the State of Connecticut.

## I. Other Information

Additional information is included in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. A schedule of contributions is not presented as the City has no obligation to contribute to the plan. Detailed information about the Connecticut State Teachers OPEB Plan fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued State of Connecticut Comprehensive Annual Financial Report at www.ct.gov.

#### 12. FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

The components of fund balance for the governmental funds at June 30, 2021 are as follows:

	-	General Fund	Bonded Projects		  -	WPCA nfrastructure Projects	American Rescue Plan Act	Nonmajor Governmental Funds			Total	
Fund balances:												
Nonspendable:												
Inventory	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	11,868	\$	11,868
Loans receivable												-
Trust purposes										3,500		3,500
Restricted for:												
Trust purposes										1,383		1,383
Grants										5,477,532		5,477,532
Committed to:												
General government										1,028,372		1,028,372
Public safety										34,900		34,900
Public Works										454,521		454,521
Capital projects				5,506,852						8,726,594		14,233,446
Health and social services										189,011		189,011
Recreation										1,154,054		1,154,054
Assigned to:												
Education		146,652										146,652
General government		8,147										8,147
Public safety		170,571										170,571
Public works		15,886										15,886
Subsequent years budget		3,100,000										3,100,000
Unassigned	-	14,037,888	_		-	(5,863,332)	_		_	(1,426,280)	-	6,748,276
Total Fund Balances	\$	17,479,144	\$_	5,506,852	\$_	(5,863,332)	\$_		\$_	15,655,455	\$_	32,778,119

Encumbrances outstanding at year-end of \$341,256 are reported as assigned fund balance.

#### 13. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The City is a party to various legal proceedings which involve claims against the City. In those cases where a loss is probable and measurable, a liability has been recorded. It is the opinion of City management and the City attorney that the ultimate resolution of remaining litigation will not have a material effect on the financial position of the City.

#### 14. GASB 84 - RESTATEMENT

The City previously early implemented GASB 84 and reported the activities of the Student Activity Fund and the PTO Fund as Custodial Funds. Management reassessed the activities in these funds upon final guidance and made the following reporting changes: The activities of the Student Activity Fund and the PTO Fund are reported as special revenue funds and included with the Other Special Revenue Fund. Accordingly, the Town restated the beginning assets and liabilities of the Custodial Fund, Nonmajor Governmental Funds and Governmental Activities as follows:

	_	Custodial Fund	-	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Governmental Activities
Fund Balance/Net position at June 30, 2020, as previously reported	\$	404,045	\$	16,724,112	\$	(49,251,571)
Adjustments: Reclassify fund types within the financial statements		(404,045)	-	404,045	-	404,045
Fund Balance/Net Position Balance at July 1, 2020, as Restated	\$_	<u>-</u>	\$	17,128,157	\$	(48,847,526)

CITY OF TORRINGTON, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted	d Amounts		Variance -
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Property Taxes:				
Property taxes \$	93,389,849	\$ 93,389,849	\$ 93,449,532 \$	59,683
Motor vehicle supplemental tax	1,200,000	1,200,000	1,378,263	178,263
Total property taxes	94,589,849	94,589,849	94,827,795	237,946
Intergovernmental:				
Federal and State Grants:				
Pequot fund grant	196,642	196,642	196,642	-
Stabilization grant	72,539	72,539	72,539	-
In lieu of taxes	470,000	470,000	471,236	1,236
Disabled persons	8,300	8,300	8,583	283
MRSA Motor Vehicle	272,517	272,517	272,517	-
Municipal grants in aid	605,345	605,345	605,345	<u>-</u>
Additional veterans' grants	36,000	36,000	33,640	(2,360)
Enterprise zones	75,000	75,000	153,065	78,065
FEMA Reimbursements			142,085	142,085
Total federal and state grants	1,736,343	1,736,343	1,955,652	219,309
Board of Education Grants:				
Special education	1,868,033	1,868,033	1,880,575	12,542
Education cost sharing	23,933,343	23,933,343	23,789,813	(143,530)
Nonpublic health and welfare	25,000	25,000	29,446	4,446
Total Board of Education grants	25,826,376	25,826,376	25,699,834	(126,542)
Total Intergovernmental	27,562,719	27,562,719	27,655,486	92,767
General Government:				
Telephone access lines	78,000	78,000	81,157	3,157
Street lights	1,045	1,045	1,045	-
Group insurance workers comp	450,000	450,000	541,181	91,181
Insurance refund	105,000	105,000	51,777	(53,223)
Probate	23,339	23,339	19,800	(3,539)
New buildings and alterations	210,000	210,000	232,992	22,992
Plumbing fees	28,000	28,000	16,792	(11,208)
Electrical permit fees	75,000	75,000	96,531	21,531

CITY OF TORRINGTON, CONNECTICUT
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

<u>-</u>	Budgete	ed Amounts	_	Variance - Positive
<u>-</u>	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
General Government Continued:				
Roofing permit fees \$	27,000	\$ 27,000	\$ 38,125	\$ 11,125
Sign and billboard permits	2,750	2,750		(2,081)
Demolition and removal	2,750	2,750		3,487
Heating permit fees	55,000	55,000		(15,209)
Certificate of occupancy	15,000	15,000		(1,237)
Planning and zoning fees	30,000	30,000		2,132
Conveyance tax	250,000	250,000		207,304
Marriage licenses and permits	7,500	7,500		(1,050)
Copying and certification fees	34,000	34,000		5,397
Hunting and fishing	7,500	7,500		(920)
Notary	1,900	1,900		(34)
Dog fees	20,800	20,800		(2,084)
Recording fees	180,000	180,000		92,386
Vital statistics	98,000	98,000		2,320
MIRA fees (formerly CRRA)	33,000	33,000	·	5,210
City real estate revenue	20,000	20,000	· ·	(2,320)
Miscellaneous	129,250	129,250	•	53,178
State mandated fees	329,000	329,000		111,173
Auction proceeds	0_0,000	0_0,000	0	,
Total general government	2,213,834	2,213,834		539,668
Public Safety:				
Parking authority	85,000	85,000	29,174	(55,826)
Canine - Hotchkiss trust	2,500	2,500		(00,020)
Fire - outside duty	500	500		2,032
Fire workers com/insurance payroll	130,000	130,000		81,180
Police tickets and permits	182,875	182,875		36,373
Police works comp and insurance	180,000	180,000		192,505
Police - outside duty	525,000	525,000		882,441
Miscellaneous	25,000	25,000		(4,025)
Total public safety	1,130,875	1,130,875		1,134,680
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Public Works:	45.000	45.000	44.000	00.000
Workers comp and insurance	15,000	15,000		29,990
Engineering	250	250		(188)
Street department miscellaneous fees	10,000	10,000		44
Landfill - tire income			450	450
Miscellaneous charges	2,000	2,000		20,713
Recycling income	200	200		(200)
Free-waste receptacles	15,000	15,000		11,683
Total public works	42,450	42,450	104,942	62,492
Investment Income	150,000	150,000	95,358	(54,642)
Recreation:				
Swimming fees	12,000	12,000		(12,000)

CITY OF TORRINGTON, CONNECTICUT
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Budgete	d A	mounts	_			Variance -		
		Original		Final		Actual		Positive (Negative)		
Education: Workers comp and insurance Miscellaneous	\$	1,890,000	\$	1,890,000	\$	2,319,257 33,828	\$	429,257 33,828		
Total education		1,890,000		1,890,000		2,353,085	_	463,085		
Use of Prior Year Fund Balance		3,600,000		3,600,000				(3,600,000)		
Total revenues		131,191,727		131,191,727		130,055,723		(1,136,004)		
Other Financing Sources: Operating transfer in		2,025,000		2,665,485		2,665,486		1		
Total Other Financing Sources		2,025,000		2,665,485		2,665,486	_	1_		
Total Revenue and Other Financing Sources	\$	133,216,727	_\$_	133,857,212	=	132,721,209	\$_	(1,136,003)		
Budgetary revenues are different than GAAP re State of Connecticut Teachers' Retirement Sy pension on-behalf payments are not budgeto State of Connecticut Teachers' Retirement Sy	stem to <sup>*</sup> ed	Town Teachers				8,421,091				
OPEB on-behalf payments are not budgeted  expenditures for budgetary reporting. These amounts are recorded as revenues and expenditures for financial statement purposes										
Revaluation and economic development funds	_	16,755	•							
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources a										
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Cha Balances - Governmental Funds (Exhibit IV)			\$ <u>141,362,285</u>							

CITY OF TORRINGTON, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Budgeted Amounts						Variance - Positive		
		Original		Final	_	Actual		(Negative)		
General Government:										
Assessor	\$	362,095	\$	363,792	\$	356,608	\$	7,184		
Board of Assessment		4,400		4,400		1,463		2,937		
Boards and agencies		240,837		245,819		235,298		10,521		
Building		297,895		352,823		352,823		-		
City real estate		829,729		657,746		651,238		6,508		
City clerk		666,190		666,150		787,411		(121,261)		
Comptroller		357,256		359,309		346,345		12,964		
Corporate counsel		170,788		194,296		194,296		-		
Mayor		226,640		227,781		225,390		2,391		
Personnel		210,478		218,767		218,767		-		
Planning and zoning		274,145		277,158		276,583		575		
Purchasing		122,764		123,702		95,257		28,445		
Registrars		171,172		171,911		167,483		4,428		
Services for the elderly		356,891		347,114		339,083		8,031		
Treasurer		70,057		69,706		69,566		140		
Information services		709,255		713,063		699,227		13,836		
Economic development		102,642		103,849		95,534		8,315		
Probate		40,810		40,810		36,518		4,292		
Citywide services		(588,158)		11,203		5,935		5,268		
Total general government		4,625,886		5,149,399		5,154,825		(5,426)		
Public Safety:										
Public safety miscellaneous		2,247,992		2,202,992		2,792,945		(589,953)		
Emergency management		35,430		35,394		12,858		22,536		
Fire		5,593,504		5,633,671		5,459,443		174,228		
Fire - Volunteers		41,654		44,500		34,796		9,704		
Police		9,198,620		9,193,683		8,876,179		317,504		
Animal Control		354,253		305,812		263,843		41,969		
Traffic management		386,301		385,595		364,803	_	20,792		
Total public safety	_	17,857,754	_	17,801,647	_	17,804,867		(3,220)		
Public works:										
Administration		150,963		153,054		150,303		2,751		
City hall		182,253		224,411		173,227		51,184		
Engineering		691,055		699,041		679,818		19,223		
Landfill		1,380,579		1,446,484		1,446,484		-		
San sewer / St lights		174,800		178,412		178,412		-		
Streets		4,803,546		4,834,374		4,644,283		190,091		
Total public works		7,383,196	_	7,535,776	_	7,272,527		263,249		
Public Health and Social Services:										
Health		2,994,376		2,994,358		2,948,652		45,706		

# CITY OF TORRINGTON, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Original				Variance - Positive		
			Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Employee Benefits and insurance:							
	\$ 15,552,961	\$	15,236,785	\$ 15,236,785 \$	_		
Insurance	1,524,525		1,532,025	1,524,870	7,155		
Total employee benefits and insurance	17,077,486		16,768,810	16,761,655	7,155		
Recreation	436,896		373,584	313,047	60,537		
Tax collector contract	644,900		725,174	725,174			
Board of Education	76,293,593		76,293,593	75,947,471	346,122		
Second Part Budget:							
Contingency	165,000		45,808		45,808		
Debt Service:							
Bond redemption	2,312,815		2,312,815	2,287,432	25,383		
Interest	737,434		1,377,919	1,321,754	56,165		
Total debt service	3,050,249		3,690,734	3,609,186	81,548		
Total expenditures	130,529,336		131,378,883	130,537,404	841,479		
Other Financing Uses:							
Operating Transfers Out:							
Capital reserve	1,369,533		1,369,533	1,369,533	-		
Capital projects	324,658		324,658	324,658	-		
Vehicle replacement	400,000		400,000	400,000	-		
Evictions	2,000		2,000	2,000	-		
COVID 19 CRF Grant	43,835		43,835	43,835	-		
Brownfield	75,000		75,000	75,000	-		
Revaluation	41,200		41,200	41,200	-		
Bridge fund Other Transfers Out	75,000 356,165		75,000 147,103	75,000	- 147,103		
Total other financing uses	2,687,391		2,478,329	2,331,226	147,103		
Total Companitions and							
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Sources	\$ 133,216,727	\$	133,857,212	132,868,630 \$	988,582		
Budgetary expenditures are different than GAAP expenditures	because:						
State of Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System to Town T	Teachers						
pension on-behalf payments are not budgeted				8,421,091			
State of Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System to Town T	Teachers						
OPEB on-behalf payments are not budgeted			d to the c	203,230			
Encumbrances for purchases and commitments ordered but n							
year the order is placed for budgetary purposes, but in the year reporting purposes.	ear received for in	iaiicia	ı	514,172			
The City does not budget for accrued payroll services or early	retirement			514,172			
settlements at year end. The accrued liabilities are charged	I to the subsequer		r's				
budget. These amounts are recorded as a current year exp	enditure for financ	ial					
statement purposes.				794,103			
Repayments to the Economic Development fund are eliminate		ses		63,315			
Effect of the Revaluation Fund not budgeted within the general	ai iuna			(3,140)			
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Sources as Reported	on the Statement	of					
Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Gov			bit IV)	\$ 142,861,401			

### CITY OF TORRINGTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS\*

	_	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Total pension liability:									
Service cost	\$	1,202,952 \$	847,373 \$	832,714 \$	903,306 \$	874,813 \$	901,057 \$	780,679 \$	794,759
Interest		3,262,727	3,388,757	3,319,339	3,447,081	3,415,694	3,522,098	3,472,866	3,544,230
Differences between expected and									
actual experience			(2,700,565)		(587,142)		(1,408,862)		(601,938)
Changes of assumptions			(2)		63,642		1,212,207		1,702,734
Benefit payments, including refunds of									
member contributions	_	(2,404,584)	(2,455,752)	(2,436,843)	(2,557,951)	(2,734,956)	(2,963,273)	(3,185,553)	(3,310,705)
Net change in total pension liability		2,061,095	(920,189)	1,715,210	1,268,936	1,555,551	1,263,227	1,067,992	2,129,080
Total pension liability - beginning	_	43,480,634	45,541,729	44,621,540	46,336,750	47,605,686	49,161,237	50,424,464	51,492,456
Total pension liability - ending	_	45,541,729	44,621,540	46,336,750	47,605,686	49,161,237	50,424,464	51,492,456	53,621,536
Plan fiduciary net position:									
Contributions - employer		1,562,782	2,130,792	1,521,271	1,360,145	1,216,031	1,249,364	1,308,154	1,253,562
Contributions - member		382,126	362,688	353,195	334,994	311,644	288,210	261,235	246,467
Net investment income		5,031,302	728,798	(256,752)	4,225,538	3,072,208	2,703,655	1,243,092	9,648,548
Benefit payments, including refunds of				, ,					
member contributions		(2,404,584)	(2,455,752)	(2,436,843)	(2,557,951)	(2,734,956)	(2,963,273)	(3,185,553)	(3,310,705)
Administrative expense		(28,368)	(36,205)	(25,797)	(25,163)	(34,764)	(42,869)	(35,763)	(45,323)
Other	_			9,258	(61,594)		185	33	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		4,543,258	730,321	(835,668)	3,275,969	1,830,163	1,235,272	(408,802)	7,792,549
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	30,828,545	35,371,803	36,102,124	35,266,456	38,542,425	40,372,588	41,607,860	41,199,058
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	_	35,371,803	36,102,124	35,266,456	38,542,425	40,372,588	41,607,860	41,199,058	48,991,607
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$_	10,169,926 \$	8,519,416 \$	11,070,294 \$	9,063,261 \$	8,788,649 \$	8,816,604 \$	10,293,398 \$	4,629,929
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage									
of the total pension liability		77.67%	80.91%	76.11%	80.96%	82.12%	82.52%	80.01%	91.37%
of the total perioloff hability		77.0770	00.0170	70.1170	00.0070	02.1270	02.0270	00.0170	01.0770
Covered payroll	\$	7,675,621 \$	7,508,384 \$	7,180,419 \$	6,941,007 \$	7,149,237 \$	5,743,293 \$	5,915,592 \$	4,846,634
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		132.50%	113.47%	154.17%	130.58%	122.93%	153.51%	174.00%	95.53%
• •									

<sup>\*</sup>This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

CITY OF TORRINGTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - POLICE AND FIRE EMPLOYEES LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS\*

	_	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Total pension liability:									
Service cost	\$	1,723,995 \$	1,562,617 \$	1,629,262 \$	1,777,628 \$	1,884,618 \$	1,941,156 \$	1,906,156	1,940,534
Interest		5,749,660	5,915,425	6,279,584	6,453,191	6,835,726	7,049,160	6,942,101	7,142,154
Changes of benefit terms					(127,841)				
Differences between expected and									
actual experience			2,967,870		2,581,055		(3,641,245)		(785,093)
Changes of assumptions					3,158,910		2,581,740		3,431,059
Benefit payments, including refunds of									
member contributions	_	(4,599,662)	(5,622,992)	(5,692,476)	(5,689,529)	(5,723,688)	(5,942,245)	(5,963,189)	(6,086,286)
Net change in total pension liability		2,873,993	4,822,920	2,216,370	8,153,414	2,996,656	1,988,566	2,885,068	5,642,368
Total pension liability - beginning	_	77,196,399	80,070,392	84,893,312	87,109,682	95,263,096	98,259,752	100,248,318	103,133,386
Total pension liability - ending	_	80,070,392	84,893,312	87,109,682	95,263,096	98,259,752	100,248,318	103,133,386	108,775,754
Dies fidusiems naturalitiems									
Plan fiduciary net position:		3,397,552	3,926,071	3,795,161	3,599,764	4,128,371	4,139,371	4,283,329	4,291,829
Contributions - employer Contributions - member		5,397,552 701,624	712,134	715,430	709,907	689,105	683,800	4,263,329 677,458	680,921
Net investment income (loss)		7,807,382	1,178,199	·	6,165,567	4,395,741	4,019,188	1,899,098	15,345,780
Benefit payments, including refunds of		7,007,302	1,170,199	(485,726)	0,100,507	4,393,741	4,019,100	1,099,090	15,345,760
member contributions		(4,599,662)	(5,622,992)	(5,692,476)	(5,689,529)	(5,723,688)	(5,942,245)	(5,963,189)	(6,086,286)
Administrative expense		(33,907)	(45,702)	(36,760)	(43,794)	(49,604)	(59,216)	(53,425)	(64,465)
Other		(33,301)	(43,702)	13.871	44,709	(43,004)	43	158	(04,403)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	_	7.272.989	147,709	(1,690,500)	4,786,624	3,439,925	2.840.941	843.429	14,167,779
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		46,191,617	53,464,606	53,612,315	51,921,815	56,708,439	60,148,364	62,989,305	63,832,734
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	_	53,464,606	53,612,315	51,921,815	56,708,439	60,148,364	62,989,305	63,832,734	78,000,513
r lair liadolary fiet position - chaing	_	00,404,000	00,012,010	01,021,010	00,700,400	00,140,004	02,000,000	00,002,704	70,000,010
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$_	26,605,786	31,280,997 \$	35,187,867 \$	38,554,657 \$	38,111,388	37,259,013 \$	39,300,652	30,775,241
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage									
of the total pension liability		66.77%	63.15%	59.61%	59.53%	61.21%	62.83%	61.89%	71.71%
,									
Covered payroll	\$	9,349,008 \$	10,060,356 \$	8,797,081 \$	9,031,565 \$	9,302,512 \$	8,407,304 \$	8,659,523	8,304,057
Net pension liability as a percentage of									
covered payroll		284.58%	310.93%	399.99%	426.89%	409.69%	443.17%	453.84%	370.60%
· •									

<sup>\*</sup>This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

#### CITY OF TORRINGTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION PLANS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	_	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Municipal Employees: Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$	1,374,634 \$	1,374,634 \$	1,775,712 \$	1,756,607 \$	1,349,133 \$	1,185,738 \$	1,195,733 \$	1,195,733 \$	1,241,462 \$	1,241,462
actuarially determined contribution	_	1,444,183	1,447,879	1,562,782	2,130,792	1,521,271	1,360,145	1,216,031	1,249,364	1,308,154	1,253,562
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$_	(69,549) \$	(73,245) \$	212,930 \$	(374,185) \$	(172,138) \$	(174,407) \$	(20,298) \$	(53,631) \$	(66,692) \$	(12,100)
Covered payroll	\$	8,481,377 \$	8,481,377 \$	7,675,621 \$	7,675,621 \$	7,180,419 \$	6,941,007 \$	7,149,237 \$	5,743,293 \$	5,915,592 \$	4,846,634
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		17.03%	17.07%	20.36%	27.76%	21.19%	19.60%	17.01%	21.75%	22.11%	25.86%
Police and Firemen: Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$	3,308,035 \$	3,357,655 \$	3,827,288 \$	3,861,898 \$	3,690,619 \$	3,452,634 \$	4,124,871 \$	4,124,871 \$	4,279,729 \$	4,279,729
actuarially determined contribution	_	3,325,432	3,322,432	3,397,552	3,926,071	3,795,161	3,599,764	4,128,371	4,139,371	4,283,329	4,291,829
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$_	(17,397) \$	35,223 \$	429,736 \$	(64,173) \$	(104,542) \$	(147,130) \$	(3,500) \$	(14,500) \$	(3,600) \$	(12,100)
Covered payroll	\$	9,912,397 \$	10,061,083 \$	9,349,008 \$	9,349,008 \$	8,797,081 \$	9,031,565 \$	9,302,512 \$	8,407,304 \$	8,659,523 \$	8,304,057
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		33.55%	33.02%	36.34%	41.99%	43.14%	39.86%	44.38%	49.24%	49.46%	51.68%

Valuation date: July 1, 2020 Measurement date: June 30, 2021

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the beginning of the plan year.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal

Amortization method Closed level dollar period of 22 years as of July 1,2020

Asset valuation method 4-year smoothed market Inflation 2.40% (prior 2.60%) Investment rate of return 6.75% (prior 7.00%)

Mortality Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Amount-Weighted Mortality Tables with separate tables for Public Safety, projected to the valuation date with Scale MP-2020.

Prior (RP-2014 Adjusted to 2006 Total dataset Mortality Table projected to valuation date with Scale MP-2018)

#### CITY OF TORRINGTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS - PENSION PLANS LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS\*

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Municipal Employees: Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	16.43%	2.06%	-0.72%	11.84%	7.95%	6.73%	3.01%	23.65%
Police and Firemen: Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	16.42%	2.22%	-0.92%	11.80%	7.53%	6.53%	2.94%	23.50%

<sup>\*</sup>This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

### CITY OF TORRINGTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT PLAN LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS\*

	_	2015	_	2016		2017	2018	_	2019		2020	_	2021
City's proportion of the net pension liability		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City	_	74,613,949	_	80,724,853	-	107,322,905	101,727,133	_	93,038,640	-	120,663,593	_	131,289,024
Total	\$_	74,613,949	\$_	80,724,853	\$	107,322,905	\$ 101,727,133	\$_	93,038,640	\$	120,663,593	\$_	131,289,024
City's covered payroll	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	\$ N/A	\$	27,348,514	\$	27,797,537	\$	27,227,621
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		61.51%		59.50%		52.26%	55.69%		57.69%		52.00%		49.24%

#### **Notes to Schedule**

Changes in benefit terms None

Changes of assumptions The Board adopted new assumptions as the result of an experience study for the five-year period ending June 30, 2019:

- Decrease the annual rate of real wage increase assumption from 0.75% to 0.50%.

- Decrease payroll growth assumption from 3.25% to 3.00%.

- Rates of withdrawal, disability, retirement, mortality, and assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percent of pay, closed

Single equivalent amortization period 30 years

Asset valuation method 4-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increase 3.25%-6.50%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.90%, net of investment related expense

#### Notes:

- This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.
- The measurement date is one year earlier than the employer's reporting date.

### CITY OF TORRINGTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT PLAN LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS\*

	_	2018	-	2019	-	2020	-	2021
City's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the City		26,183,415	-	18,599,006	-	18,818,169	-	19,581,763
Total	\$_	26,183,415	\$	18,599,006	\$	18,818,169	\$	19,581,763
City's covered payroll	\$	N/A	\$	27,348,514	\$	27,797,537	\$	27,227,621
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		1.79%		1.49%		2.08%		2.50%

#### **Notes to Schedule**

Changes in benefit terms None

Changes of assumptions

Based on the procedure described in GASB 75, the discount rate used to measure plan obligations for financial accounting purposes as of June 30, 2020 was updated to equal the Municipal Bond Index Rate as of June 30, 2020;

Expected annual per capita claims costs were updated to better reflect anticipated medical and prescription drug claim experience;

Long-term health care cost trend

rates were updated;

The percentages of participating retirees who are expected to enroll in the Medicare Supplement Plan and the Medicare Advantage Plan options were updated based on observed plan experience. Additionally, participants are no longer assumed to migrate from the Medicare Supplement Plan to the Medicare Advantage Plan after selecting an option; and, The Board adopted new assumptions as the result of an experience study for the five-year period ending June 30, 2019.

The changes in assumptions are summarized below:

- Decrease the annual rate of real wage increase assumption from 0.75% to 0.50%.
- Decrease payroll growth assumption from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- Rates of withdrawal, disability, retirement, mortality, and assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The expected rate of inflation was decreased, and the real wage growth assumption was increased.

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percent of payroll over an open period

Remaining amortization period 30 years

Asset valuation method Market value of assets

Investment rate of return 3.00%, net of investment related expense including price inflation

Price inflation 2.75%

#### Notes:

- This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.
- The measurement date is one year earlier than the employer's reporting date

#### CITY OF TORRINGTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - OPEB PLAN LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS\*

	_	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Total OPEB liability:						
Service cost	\$	4,889,457 \$	5,121,706 \$	4,880,939 \$	5,207,268 \$	7,448,109
Interest	•	4,190,877	4,379,890	4,763,139	4,001,254	3,232,240
Changes of benefit terms		, ,	, ,	, ,		(1,771,701)
Differences between expected and						( , , , ,
actual experience		391,596	(347,698)	(12,098,577)	1,303,315	(9,673,577)
Changes of assumptions			(6,435,473)	(1,674,380)	24,681,957	7,649,628
Benefit payments, including refunds of			, , ,	, , ,		
member contributions		(4,379,819)	(3,834,905)	(5,259,669)	(5,296,369)	(5,036,041)
Net change in total OPEB liability		5,092,111	(1,116,480)	(9,388,548)	29,897,425	1,848,658
Total OPEB liability - beginning		116,826,856	121,918,967	120,802,487	111,413,939	141,311,364
Total OPEB liability - ending	_	121,918,967	120,802,487	111,413,939	141,311,364	143,160,022
Plan fiduciary net position:						
Contributions - employer		4,306,115	3,767,666	5,389,188	5,434,152	5,191,595
Contributions - TRB subsidy		123,704	117.239	120,481	112.217	99,446
Net investment income		1.417	4.533	19,888	32,499	218,093
Benefit payments, including refunds of		,	,	-,	,	-,
member contributions		(4,379,819)	(3,834,905)	(5,259,669)	(5,296,369)	(5,036,041)
Administrative expense		( , , , ,	(48)	(217)	(385)	(564)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		51,417	54,485	269,671	282,114	472,529
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning			51,417	105,902	375,573	657,687
Plan fiduciary net position - ending		51,417	105,902	375,573	657,687	1,130,216
Net OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	121,867,550 \$	120,696,585 \$	111,038,366 \$	140,653,677 \$	142,029,806
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage						
of the total OPEB liability		0.04%	0.09%	0.34%	0.47%	0.79%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	53,620,900 \$	56,167,900 \$	51,432,973 \$	53,798,890 \$	55,173,814
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of						
covered-employee payroll		227.28%	214.89%	215.89%	261.44%	257.42%

<sup>\*</sup>This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

#### CITY OF TORRINGTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	_	2012	 2013		2014		2015	2016		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$	7,445,000	\$ 7,603,000	\$	7,999,900	\$	8,175,400 \$	10,828,600	\$	11,094,900	\$ 11,455,900 \$	11,703,600 \$	7,896,308 \$	8,011,648
actuarially determined contribution	_	3,006,900	 3,278,900	<u> </u>	2,962,800	<u> </u>	3,460,800	3,283,900		4,306,115	3,767,666	5,389,188	5,434,152	5,191,595
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	4,438,100	\$ 4,324,100	\$_	5,037,100	\$	4,714,600 \$	7,544,700	_\$_	6,788,785	\$ 7,688,234	6,314,412	5 2,462,156 \$	2,820,053
Covered-employee payroll	\$	N/A	\$ N/A	\$	N/A	\$	N/A \$	N/A	\$	53,620,900	\$ 56,167,900 \$	5 51,432,973 \$	5 53,798,890 \$	55,173,814
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		0.00%	0.00%	6	0.00%	6	0.00%	0.00%	, D	8.03%	6.71%	10.48%	10.10%	9.41%

Valuation date: Measurement date: Changes in benefit terms Changes in assumptions

Inflation

Payroll growth

Healthcare costs trends

July 1, 2020 June 30, 2021

Since the last actuarial valuation inflation, payroll growth, investment rate of return, and healthcare rates were adjusted as disclosed below.

Mortality tables were also updated.

Actuarial cost method Amortization method

Level percent of salary, open Amortization period

30 years

2.40% (prior 2.60%) 4.40% (prior 4.60%)

Entry Age Normal

Investment rate of return 2.16% (prior 2.21%)

Medical: 6.50% for 2020, decreasing 0.20% per year, to an ultimate rate of 4.40% for 2031 and later. Dental: 4.0%

(prior 7.00% in 2016 reducing by .5% each year to a find 4.60% per year for 2023 and later)

25 years of service with varying retirement rates

Retirement age Post-retirement mortality City and Board of Education Non-Certified: Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Amount-Weighted Mortality Tables for General Employees, projected to the

valuation date with Scale MP-2020.

Police and Fire: Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Amount-Weighted Mortality Tables for Safety Employees projected to the valuation date with Scale MP-2020.

Board of Education Certified and Administrators: Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Amount-Weighted Mortality Tables for Teachers, projected to the

valuation date with Scale MP-2020.

(prior RP-2014 Adjusted to 2006 Total Dataset projected to valuation date with the Scale MP-2018)

### CITY OF TORRINGTON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS - OPEB PLAN LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS \*

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	2.83%	7.16%	5.95%	5.38%	25.18%

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

CITY OF TORRINGTON, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND REPORT OF TAX COLLECTOR FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021		EXHIBIT A
Total Rate Bill on Grant List on October 1, 2019	\$	93,449,532
Add: Supplemental motor vehicle tax	_	1,378,263
Received from tax collector during the year ended June 30, 2021		94,827,795
Deduct: Lawful corrections and abatements	_	

\$ 94,827,795

Net Revenues from Taxation

CITY OF TORRINGTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

ASSETS	National School Lunch Program		Nutrition Program		cial Revenue Fund Town Aid Road	 Small Cities Block Grants	_	Federal and State Educational Grants
ASSETS								
Cash Receivables: Loans	\$ 276,816	\$	134,827	\$	1,164,925	\$ 246,695 2,838,815	\$	1,846,365
Intergovernmental Other	359,137		243,747			2,000,010		235,078
Due from other funds Supplies	11,868	_		_		 	_	_
Total Assets	\$ 647,821	\$	378,574	\$_	1,164,925	\$ 3,085,510	\$_	2,081,443
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$ 	\$	55,430 55,430	\$		\$ 	\$	408,899 1,673,389 2,082,288
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue - grants receivable		_	00,100	_			_	2,002,200
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed	11,868 635,953		323,144		1,164,925	3,085,510		
Unassigned Total fund balances	647,821	_	323,144	_	1,164,925	 3,085,510	_	(845) (845)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 647,821	\$	378,574	\$	1,164,925	\$ 3,085,510	\$_	2,081,443

CITY OF TORRINGTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	_	Special Revenue Funds								
ASSETS	_	COE Memorial Park	_	Elderly and Social Services	_	Culture and Recreation		Public Works		Public Safety
Cash Receivables: Loans	\$	953,465	\$	186,733	\$	272,222 42,000	\$	574,975	\$	10,000
Intergovernmental Other Due from other funds Supplies	_	4,500	_	7,934	_					18,629 6,509
Total Assets	\$_	957,965	\$_	194,667	\$_	314,222	\$	574,975	\$	35,138
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$ -	872 872	\$	4,690 966 5,656	\$ 	117,256 5 117,261	\$	120,454 120,454	\$	238 238
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue - grants receivable	_		_		_					
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted										
Committed		957,093		189,011		196,961		454,521		34,900
Unassigned Total fund balances	=	957,093	_	189,011	_	196,961	_	454,521	_	34,900
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_	957,965	\$_	194,667	\$_	314,222	\$	574,975	\$	35,138

CITY OF TORRINGTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

		S	pecia	I Revenue Funds				Capital Projects			
ASSETS	_	Economic Development	_	Other Special Revenue Funds	COVID-19 Grants	Sanitary Sewer Capital Improvement Program		Vehicle Replacement Fund	Capital Reserve Fund		
AGGETG											
Cash Receivables: Loans	\$		\$	897,731 \$	164,260	4,073,713	\$	1,041,568 \$	1,413,944		
Intergovernmental Other		111,898				66,442			20,095		
Due from other funds Supplies	_	268,000		139,895					1,486,481		
Total Assets	\$_	379,898	\$_	1,037,626 \$	164,260	4,140,155	\$	1,041,568 \$	2,920,520		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES											
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds	\$	1,978 139,895	\$	1,899 \$	56,997	33,900	\$	\$			
Unearned revenue Total liabilities	_	35,000 176,873	_	7,355 9,254	107,263 164,260	66,442 100,342					
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue - grants receivable	_										
Fund balances: Nonspendable		000 000									
Restricted Committed		268,000		1,028,372		4,039,813		1,041,568	2,920,520		
Unassigned Total fund balances	_	(64,975) 203,025	_	1,028,372		4,039,813	· -	1,041,568	2,920,520		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_	379,898	\$	1,037,626 \$	164,260	4,140,155	\$	1,041,568 \$	2,920,520		

CITY OF TORRINGTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

		Capital Projects								
ASSETS	_	Torringford School	_	BOE Capital Reserve		City Hall Renovations	Other Capital Projects	Permanent Fund Captain Bessie	Interfund Eliminations	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
AGGETG										
Cash Receivables:	\$		\$	189,482	\$	\$	773,506 \$	4,883 \$	\$	14,226,110
Loans Intergovernmental Other				9,650			1,520,747			2,880,815 2,498,886 105,480
Due from other funds Supplies									(1,082,376)	812,000 11,868
Total Assets	\$		\$_	199,132	\$_	\$_	2,294,253 \$	4,883 \$	(1,082,376) \$	20,535,159
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities  Due to other funds  Unearned revenue	\$	368,834 942,481	\$	248,277	\$	\$	41,073 \$ 8,920	\$	\$ (1,082,376)	1,091,828 - 2,268,309
Total liabilities		1,311,315	_	248,277	· <u>-</u>	<u> </u>	49,993	<u> </u>	(1,082,376)	3,360,137
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue - grants receivable			. <u>–</u>		_		1,519,567			1,519,567
Fund balances:										
Nonspendable Restricted								3,500 1,383		15,368 5,478,915
Committed Unassigned		(1,311,315)		(49,145)			724,693			11,587,452 (1,426,280)
Total fund balances	_	(1,311,315)	_	(49,145)	. <u>-</u>		724,693	4,883		15,655,455
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	_	\$_	199,132	\$_	<u> </u>	2,294,253 \$	4,883 \$	(1,082,376) \$	20,535,159

## CITY OF TORRINGTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds										
	_	National School Lunch Program		Nutrition Program	Town Aid Road			Small Cities Block Grants		Federal and State Educational Grants	
Revenues: Charges for services Intergovernmental Investment income Other revenues	\$	368,554 1,577,913	\$	285,666 1,007,656	\$	454,469 104	\$	459,234 \$ 158,958 7	\$	3,333 7,271,326	
Total revenues	_	1,946,467		1,293,322		454,573		618,199		7,274,659	
Expenditures: General government Public safety Public works				4 272 002				366,280			
Public health and social services Recreation Education		1,947,296		1,373,893						7,395,178	
Capital outlay Total expenditures	_	1,947,296	_	1,373,893		-	_	366,280		7,395,178	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	_	(829)		(80,571)		454,573		251,919		(120,519)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Premium on bonds issued Transfers in											
Transfers out				(35,000)							
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	-	_	(35,000)		-	_	-		<u> </u>	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(829)		(115,571)		454,573		251,919		(120,519)	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year, as restated	_	648,650	_	438,715		710,352	_	2,833,591		119,674	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$_	647,821	\$	323,144	\$	1,164,925	\$_	3,085,510	ß	(845)	

## CITY OF TORRINGTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds									
		COE Memorial Park		Elderly and Social Services		Culture and Recreation		Public Works		Public Safety
Revenues: Charges for services Intergovernmental Investment income Other revenues	\$	146,613 158,211 105	\$	206,166 406,211	\$	60,459 26,289 13	\$	393,092 1	\$	96,600 23 1,725
Total revenues	_	304,929		612,377		86,761		393,093		98,348
Expenditures: General government Public safety Public works		174,143		267,742		113,222		369,258		1,725 114,222
Public health and social services Recreation Education Capital outlay				312,178		336,222		000,200		
Total expenditures	_	174,143		579,920		449,444	-	369,258		115,947
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	_	130,786		32,457		(362,683)		23,835		(17,599)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Premium on bonds issued Transfers in Transfers out				2,000 (14,000)						(115,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_			(12,000)	_					(115,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances	_	130,786		20,457		(362,683)		23,835		(132,599)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year, as restated		826,307		168,554		559,644		430,686		167,499
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$_	957,093	\$	189,011	\$	196,961	\$	454,521	\$	34,900

## CITY OF TORRINGTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

			Spec	cial Revenue Funds		Capital Projects						
	_	Economic Development		Other Special Revenue Funds	COVID-19 Grants	Sanitary Sewer Capital Improvement Program	Vehicle Replacement Fund		Capital Reserves Fund			
Revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	100 115	\$	201,122 \$	\$		\$	\$	70.500			
Intergovernmental		163,145		213,107	421,246	88,062			76,586			
Investment income				8		534	14		192			
Other revenues	_	100 115		28,527	404.040		4,25		70 770			
Total revenues	_	163,145		442,764	421,246	88,596	4,39	<u> </u>	76,778			
Expenditures:												
General government		617,659		309,718	288,966							
Public safety				3,129								
Public works				1,599								
Public health and social services												
Recreation				10,574								
Education				205,708								
Capital outlay						808,198	323,57		220,042			
Total expenditures		617,659		530,728	288,966	808,198	323,57	6	220,042			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	_	(454,514)		(87,964)	132,280	(719,602)	(319,17	9)	(143,264)			
Other Financing Sources (Uses):												
Premium on bonds issued												
Transfers in				49,652	43,835	417,353	517,11	1	1,433,971			
Transfers out				(652)	,	,	•		(66,545)			
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		49,000	43,835	417,353	517,11	1	1,367,426			
Net Change in Fund Balances		(454,514)		(38,964)	176,115	(302,249)	197,93	2	1,224,162			
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year, as restated		657,539		1,067,336	(176,115)	4,342,062	843,63	6_	1,696,358			
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	203,025	\$	1,028,372 \$	\$	4,039,813	\$1,041,56	<u>8</u> \$	2,920,520			

## CITY OF TORRINGTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	_	Capital Projects								
	_	Torringford School	orringford Ca		BOE City Capital Hall Reserve Renovation		Other Capital Projects	Permanent Fund Captain Bessie	Interfund Eliminations	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues: Charges for services Intergovernmental Investment income Other revenues Total revenues	\$ 	-	\$ 	-	\$ 	\$	432,334 432,334	\$ 2	\$	1,731,147 12,945,205 1,130 34,508 14,711,990
Expenditures: General government Public safety Public works Public health and social services Recreation Education Capital outlay Total expenditures	<u>-</u>	1,311,315 1,311,315	· <u>-</u>	55,339 55,339	_		1,483,157 1,483,157			1,965,312 291,494 370,857 1,686,071 346,796 9,548,182 4,201,627 18,410,339
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	_	(1,311,315)	_	(55,339)		<u>-</u> _	(1,050,823)	2		(3,698,349)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Premium on bonds issued Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	- -		· –				633,408 (640,486) (7,078)		(231,197) 231,197	2,866,133 (640,486) 2,225,647
Net Change in Fund Balances		(1,311,315)		(55,339)		-	(1,057,901)	2	-	(1,472,702)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year, as restated	_		· <u>-</u>	6,194	_		1,782,594	4,881		17,128,157
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$_	(1,311,315)	\$_	(49,145)	\$	\$	724,693	\$ 4,883	\$\$	15,655,455

#### CITY OF TORRINGTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	_	Self Insurance Fund	•	Maintenance Fund		Interfund Elimination	_	Total
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds Prepaids Receivables, net	\$	11,006,191 281,094 485,000 2,387	\$	9,014	\$	(281,094)	\$	11,006,191 - 485,000 11,401
Total assets	_	11,774,672		9,014		(281,094)	_	11,502,592
Liabilities: Current liabilities: Accounts and other payables Due to other funds Total liabilities	_	1,553,288		40,783 281,094 321,877		(281,094) (281,094)	_	1,594,071 
Net Position: Unrestricted	_	10,221,384	•	(312,863)	. <u>-</u>		-	9,908,521
Total Net Position	\$_	10,221,384	\$	(312,863)	\$		\$_	9,908,521

# CITY OF TORRINGTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	_	Self Insurance Fund	Maintenance Fund	_	Total
Operating Revenues: Charges for services Other Total operating revenues	\$ -	24,053,533 808,545 24,862,078	\$ 1,654,699 1,654,699	\$	25,708,232 808,545 26,516,777
Operating Expenses: Payroll and employee benefits Repairs and maintenance Materials and supplies Utilities Other operating expense Insurance and program services Total operating expenses	<u>-</u>	21,161,534 21,161,534	1,037,725 166,769 48,835 316,034 137,627 5,955 1,712,945	_	1,037,725 166,769 48,835 316,034 137,627 21,167,489 22,874,479
Operating Income (Loss)		3,700,544	(58,246)		3,642,298
Nonoperating Revenue: Income on investments	_	823		_	823
Income (Loss) Before Transfers		3,701,367	(58,246)		3,643,121
Transfers Transfers Out	_	(2,000,000)		_	(2,000,000)
Change in Net Position		1,701,367	(58,246)		1,643,121
Net Position at Beginning of Year	_	8,520,017	(254,617)	_	8,265,400
Net Position at End of Year	\$_	10,221,384	\$ (312,863)	\$_	9,908,521

#### CITY OF TORRINGTON, CONNECTICUT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	_	Self Insurance Fund	Maintenance Fund	_	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from customers Cash payments for insurance claims and premiums Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ _	24,862,078 (21,226,655) 3,635,423	\$ 1,653,440 (1,653,440)	\$ _	26,515,518 (22,880,095) 3,635,423
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: Transfers from (to) other funds, net Net cash used in noncapital financing activities	-	(2,000,000) (2,000,000)		-	(2,000,000) (2,000,000)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest received on investments	<u>-</u>	823		_	823
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		1,636,246	-		1,636,246
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	_	9,369,945		_	9,369,945
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ <u>_</u>	11,006,191	\$ 	\$_	11,006,191
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to	\$	3,700,544	\$ (58,246)	\$	3,642,298
net cash provided by operating activities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivables (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		10,123 (6,499)	(1,259)		8,864 (6,499)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (Increase) decrease in due from other funds Increase (decrease) in due to other funds	_	(13,854) (54,891)	4,614 54,891	_	(9,240) (54,891) 54,891
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$_	3,635,423	\$ 	\$_	3,635,423

#### CITY OF TORRINGTON, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF DEBT LIMITATION JUNE 30, 2021 (In Thousands)

Total cash collections for the year ended June 30, 2020:

Taxes, interest and lien fees	\$ 93,355
Reimbursement for revenue loss on:	
Tax relief for elderly - elderly freeze	 -
Base	\$ 93.355

		General					Urban		Pension
	-	Purpose	-	Schools		Sewers	 Renewal		Deficit
Debt limitations:									
2-1/4 times base	\$	210,049	\$		\$		\$	\$	
4-1/2 times base				420,098		250.004			
3-3/4 times base 3-1/4 times base						350,081	303,404		
3 times base	_						000, 10 1		280,065
	_						 		
Total debt limitation	-	210,049	-	420,098	-	350,081	 303,404	-	280,065
Indebtedness:									
Bonds payable		22,893		4,342					
Clean water fund loans						37,590			
Bonds authorized and unissued	-	22,150	_	700		7,993		-	
Total indebtedness	-	45,043	_	5,042		45,583	 		
Debt Limitation in Excess of									
Outstanding and Authorized Debt	\$	165,006	\$_	415,056	\$	304,498	\$ 303,404	\$_	280,065

Note: In no case shall total debt service exceed seven times annual receipts from taxation (\$653,485)



